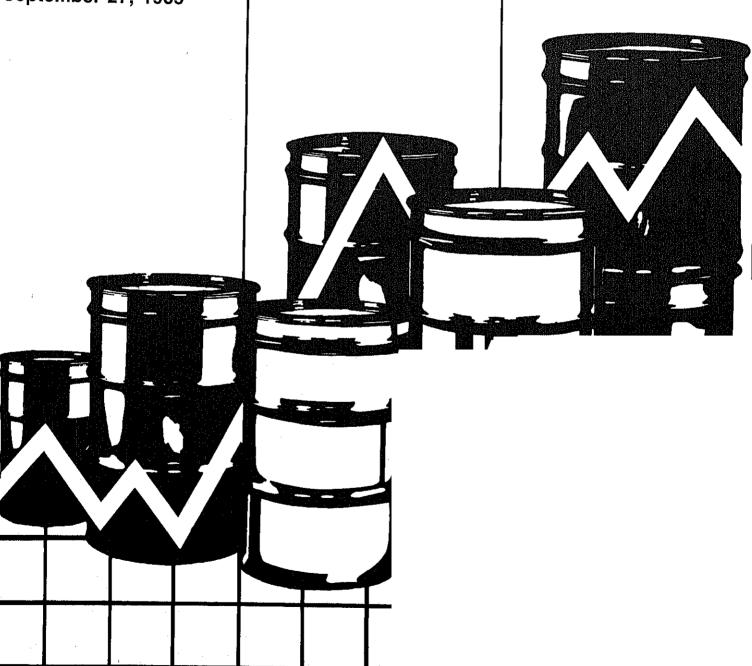
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**Energy Information Administration Washington, D.C.** 

# Weekly Petroleum Status Report



Data for Week Ended: September 27, 1985



The Weekly Petroleum Status Report (WPSR) provides timely information on the petroleum supply situation in the context of historical information, selected prices, and forecasts. The WPSR is intended to provide up-to-date information to the industry, the press, planners, policymakers, consumers, analysts, and State and local governments. It is published each Thursday by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). The data contained in this report are based on company submissions for the week ending 7 a.m. the preceding Friday.

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Questions on energy statistics should be addressed to the NEIC. Addresses and telephone numbers appear below.

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#### HIGHLIGHTS

#### Refinery Activity

Crude oil input to refineries averaged 12.0 million barrels per day for the four weeks ending September 27, 1985. Refinery capacity utilization averaged 77.3 percent during the period. During the four weeks ending September 27, 1985, motor gasoline production averaged 6.4 million barrels per day and distillate fuel oil production averaged 2.6 million barrels per day.

#### Stocks

On September 27, 1985, stocks of crude oil (excluding the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) stood at 313.4 million barrels, about 4 percent below the level one year ago. Stocks of total motor gasoline, at 222.5 million barrels, were about 4 percent below the level one year ago. Distillate fuel oil stocks stood at 115.2 million barrels, about 19 percent below the level one year ago. Stocks of residual fuel oil, at 41.8 million barrels, were about 10 percent below the level one year ago.

#### Imports

Net imports of crude oil (including imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) and petroleum products together averaged 3.9 million barrels per day for the four weeks ending September 27, 1985, about 16 percent below the average a year ago. Gross imports of crude oil (excluding the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) averaged 3.0 million barrels per day for the four-week period ending September 27, 1985.

#### Products Supplied

Total petroleum products supplied averaged 15.2 million barrels per day for the four-week period ending September 27, 1985, which is about 1 percent below the rate supplied a year ago. Motor gasoline was supplied at a rate of 6.7 million barrels per day, which is about the same as the rate supplied a year ago. Distillate fuel oil was supplied at a rate of 2.6 million barrels per day, about 2 percent below the rate supplied a year ago.

#### World Crude Off Price

- Egypt announced an increase in the official price of its Suez Blend 33° by 45 cents to \$26.10 a barrel effective October 1, 1985.
- o The spot price for United Kingdom Brent Blend 38° increased by 85 cents to \$28.35 a barrel for the week ending September 27, 1985.

As a result of these two price changes, the weighted average international price of crude oil as of October 1, 1985 increased 13 cents to \$27.39 a barrel.

### Spot Market Product Prices

For the week ending September 27, the average spot market price of 98 octane premium leaded gasoline on the Rotterdam market increased 70 cents to \$32,24 a barrel; the gasoil price increased \$1.20 to \$35.05 a barrel, and the price of residual fuel oil increased 30 cents to \$23,57 a barrel.

On the New York market, the average spot price of 89 octane regular leaded gasoline increased 95 cents to \$33.08 a barrel; the price of No. 2 heating oil increased \$1.57 to \$34.44 a barrel, and the price of residual fuel oil remained unchanged at \$25.50 a barrel.

Cruse Oil Supply (1) Domestic Production (2) Nets Inspects (Excluding SPR) (2) Etc. Spr. (Including SPR) (3) Cruse Sing (Including SPR) (4) SPR Imports (5) Exports (6) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (7) Deher Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (8) Products Supplied and Losses (10) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (11) Mil. Production (12) Where Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (13) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (14) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (15) Fraction (-) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (16) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (17) Deher Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (18) Products Supplied and Losses (19) Where Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (10) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (11) 99 12,276 (12) Where Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (12) Other Mydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input (13) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (14) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (15) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (16) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (17) Froducts Supplied (17) Product Supplied (18) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (19) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (10) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (11) Supply (12) Other Mydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input (12) Other Mydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input (13) Crude Oil Product Supplied (14) Crude Oil Input to Refineries (15) Crude Oil Product Supplied (16) Crude Oil Product Supplied (17) Product Supplied (18) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (19) Total Product Supplied (10) Froduct Supplied (10) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (10) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (10) Froduct Supplied (10) Froduct Supplied (11) Froduct Supplied (12) Oil Product Supplied (13) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (14) Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (15) Oil Product Supplied (16) Froduct Supplied (17) Froduct Supplied (18) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) (19) Total Product Supplied (19) Total Product Supplied (10) Froduct Supplied (10) Frodu	Petroleum Supply	Four Wee	k Averages		Daily	lative Averages	
(1) Domestic Production   EB,876   8,980   -1.2   EB,915   8,861   0.6   (2) Net Imports (Including SPR)   2,882   3,171   -9.1   2,728   3,222   -13.2   (3) Gross Imports (Excluding SPR)   2,986   3,273   -8.8   2,858   3,212   -11.2   (4) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -8.8   3,212   -11.2   (5) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -8.8   3,212   -11.2   (6) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -8.8   3,212   -11.2   (6) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -8.8   3,212   -11.2   (6) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -144   -192   11.8   (7) Sher Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)   -277   323   -119   64  2   (8) Products Supplied and Losses   E-57   -69   E-63   -55  2   (8) Products Supplied and Losses   E-57   -69   E-63   -55     (9) Unaccounted-for Crude   102   -66   289   183     (10) Crude Oil Input to Refineries   11,994   12,276   -2.3   11,914   12,075   -1.3   (11) Mill Production   E1,603   1,658   -3.4   E1,612   1,620   -0.4   (12) Chear Mydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input   E1,603   1,658   -3.4   E1,612   1,620   -0.4   (13) Chear Mydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input   E1,603   3,83   11.7   E42   47   -10.5   (14) Crude Oil Product Supplied   E56   66   -15.6   E62   63   -1.3   (15) Met Product Imports   570   570   -0.1   507   594   -7.5   (15) Met Product Imports   570   570   -0.1   507   594   -7.5   (16) Gross Product Imports   570   570   -0.1   507   594   -7.5   (17) Product Exports   570   570   -1.2   523   508   3.0   (18) Product Supplied for Domestic Use   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2   (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,694   1.7   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,694   1.7   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,694   1.7   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,994   1.7   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,665   6,624   0.	(Thousand Barrels per Day)	09/27/85		Percent Change			Percent Change
(1) Domestic Production   EB,876   8,980   -1.2   EB,915   8,861   0.6   (2) Net Imports (Including SPR)   2,882   3,171   -9.1   2,728   3,222   -13.2   (3) Gross Imports (Excluding SPR)   2,986   3,273   -8.8   2,858   3,212   -11.2   (4) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -8.8   3,212   -11.2   (5) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -8.8   3,212   -11.2   (6) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -8.8   3,212   -11.2   (6) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -8.8   3,212   -11.2   (6) SPR Imports   EB,907   2,986   3,273   -144   -192   11.8   (7) Sher Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)   -277   323   -119   64  2   (8) Products Supplied and Losses   E-57   -69   E-63   -55  2   (8) Products Supplied and Losses   E-57   -69   E-63   -55     (9) Unaccounted-for Crude   102   -66   289   183     (10) Crude Oil Input to Refineries   11,994   12,276   -2.3   11,914   12,075   -1.3   (11) Mill Production   E1,603   1,658   -3.4   E1,612   1,620   -0.4   (12) Chear Mydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input   E1,603   1,658   -3.4   E1,612   1,620   -0.4   (13) Chear Mydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input   E1,603   3,83   11.7   E42   47   -10.5   (14) Crude Oil Product Supplied   E56   66   -15.6   E62   63   -1.3   (15) Met Product Imports   570   570   -0.1   507   594   -7.5   (15) Met Product Imports   570   570   -0.1   507   594   -7.5   (16) Gross Product Imports   570   570   -0.1   507   594   -7.5   (17) Product Exports   570   570   -1.2   523   508   3.0   (18) Product Supplied for Domestic Use   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2   (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,694   1.7   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,694   1.7   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,694   1.7   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,994   1.7   (19) Total Product Supplied   5,665   6,624   0.	Crude Off Supply				······································		<del></del>
2,802   3,171   9.1   2,798   3,223   -13.2	(1) Domestic Production	F8.876	8 980	-1 2	E9 01E	0.064	
(3) Gross Imports (Excluding SPR) 2,996 3,273 -8.6 2,658 3,273 -11.0 (1) SPR Imports	(2) Net Imports (Including SPR) <sup>2</sup>	2 882		-0.1	2 700	0,861	
SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	(3) Gross Imports (Excluding SPR)	2 986					
Exports   SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)   -85   -63  144   -192  144   -192  144   -192  144   -192  144   -192  144   -192  144   -192  198	(4) SPK Imports	2,500			2,008	3,212	
10   SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)							
Content Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)   277   323							
10	\(\tau\) \(Uther Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (~)						
100   Crude Oil Input to Refineries   11,994   12,276   -2.3   11,914   12,075   -1.3	(0) Products Supplied and Losses						
(10) Crude 0il Input to Refineries	(9) Unaccounted-for Crude						
Other Supply (11) NGL Production (12) Other Hydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input (12) Other Hydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input (13) Crude 011 Product Supplied (14) Processing Gain 3 570 570 570 -0.1 567 549 -7.5 (15) Net Product Imports 3 770 570 570 -0.1 507 549 -7.5 (15) Net Product Imports 3 1,467 1,901 -22.9 1,733 2,036 -14.9 (17) Product Exports (17) Product Supplied for Domestic Use 15,204 15,309 -0.7 15,609 15,796 -1.2 (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use 15,204 15,309 -0.7 15,609 15,796 -1.2 (20) Motor Casoline 6,652 6,624 0.4 6,809 6,694 1.7 (21) Motor Casoline 229 232 -1.4 222 2.75 -1.4 (22) Kerosene-type Jet Fuel 299 698 1.9 959 939 2.1 (23) Distillate Fuel 011 2,587 2,647 -2.3 2,833 2,856 -0.8 (24) Residual Fuel 011 1,077 1,175 -8.3 1,196 1,430 -16.3 (25) Other Oils Supplied 15,204 15,309 -0.7 15,609 15,796 -1.2 (26) Total Products Supplied 15,204 15,309 -0.7 15,609 15,796 -1.2 (27) Retrough From Million Barrels) 09/27/85 09/20/85 09/27/84 Percent Change from Previous Meek Year Ago (24) Residual Fuel 011 1 1,077 1,175 -8.3 1,196 1,430 -16.3 (25) Other Oils Supplied 15,204 15,309 -0.7 15,609 15,796 -1.2 (26) Total Products Supplied 6,0 6,2 7.0 -3.1 -13.9 (27) Retrough Stocks (Excluding SPR) 1,00.4 98.2 108.0 135.4 331 1.9 -13.9 (27) Residual Fuel 011 1 15.2 114.6 141.7 1.9 -5.1 (28) Indian Barrels 101 1 15.2 114.6 141.7 1.9 -5.1 (29) Indian Barrels 101 1 15.2 114.6 141.7 1.9 -5.1 (20) Indian Barrels 101 1 15.2 114.6 141.7 1.9 -5.1 (27) Indian Barrels 101 1 15.2 114.6 141.7 1.9 -5.1 (28) Indian Barrels 101 1 15.2 114.6 141.7 1.9 -5.1 (29) Indian Barrels 101 1 15.2 114.6 141.7 1.9 -5.1 (20) Indian SPR 14.8 39.3 1.9 -0.2 -7.0 (20) Indian SPR 14.8 39.3 1.9 -0.2 -7.0 (20) Indian SPR 14.8 39.3 1.9 -0.2 -7.0 (21) Add Stocks (Excluding SPR) 1.00.4 98.2 108.0 1.00.9 0.3 13.6		102	-00		289	183	***
(11) NGL Production (12) Other Hydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input (13) Crude Oil Product Supplied (14) Crude Oil Product Supplied (15) Set Product Imports (15) Net Product Imports (16) Cross Product Imports (17) Product Exports (17) Product Exports (18) Product Supplied (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use (18) Product Supplied (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use (19) Total Product Supplied (10) Motor Gasoline (10) Motor Gasoline (11) Maphtha-type Jet Fuel (12) Motor Gasoline (13) Set Product Supplied (14) Motor Gasoline (15) Set Product Supplied (16) Cross Product Supplied (17) Product Supplied (18) Product Supplied (19) Motor Gasoline (19) Total Product Supplied (10) Motor Gasoline (10) Motor Gasoline (10) Motor Gasoline (10) Motor Gasoline (11) Maphtha-type Jet Fuel (12) Maphtha-type Jet Fuel (13) Distillate Fuel Oil (14) Set Gasoline (15) Set Gasoline (16) Gasoline (17) Set Gasoline (18) Product Supplied (19) Set Gasoline (19) Set Gasoline (19) Set Gasoline (19) Set Gasoline (10) Set Gasoline (10) Set Gasoline (10) Set Gasoline (11) Set Gasoline (12) Maphtha-type Jet Fuel (13) Set Gasoline (14) Set Gasoline (15) Set Gasoline (16) Set Gasoline (17) Set Gasoline (18) Set Gasoline (18) Set Gasoline (19) Set Gasoline (19) Set Gasoline (10) Set Gasoline (11) Set Gasoline (12) Set Gasoline (13) Set Gasoline (14) Set Gasoline (15) Set Gasoline (16) Set Gasoline (17) Set Gasoline (18) Set Gasoline		11,994	12,276	-2.3	11,914	12,075	-1.3
(12) Other Hydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input (13) Crude Oil Product Supplied (15) Net Product Supplied (15) Net Product Supplied (15) Net Product Imports (16) Cross Product Imports (17) Product Exports (18) Product Exports (18) Product Stocks Mithdrawn (+) or Added (-) (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use (15) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use (15) Net Product Supplied (16) Motor Gasoline (17) Product Supplied for Domestic Use (18) Product Supplied (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use (19) Total Product Supplied (10) Motor Gasoline (10) Motor Gasoline (10) Motor Gasoline (11) Supplied (12) Motor Gasoline (13) Supplied (14) Supplied (15) Supplied (16) Supplied (17) Supplied (18) Supplied (18) Supplied (19) Total Product Supplied (19) Total Product Supplied (10) Motor Gasoline (10) Supplied (11) Supplied (12) Supplied (13) Supplied (14) Supplied (15) Supplied (16) Supplied (17) Supplied (18) Supplied (19) Supplied (19) Supplied (10) Supplied (10) Supplied (10) Supplied (10) Supplied (11) Supplied (12) Supplied (13) Supplied (14) Supplied (15) Supplied (15) Supplied (16) Supplied (17) Supplied (18) Supplied	Other Supply						
Content PydrucerSown Input and Alcohol Input   E43   38   11.7   E42   47   -10.5	(12) Other Understand	E1,603	1,658	-3.4	E1.612	1.620	-0 <i>"</i>
149   Processing Gain   3   570   570   -0.1   507   549   -7.5     149   Processing Gain   3   570   570   -0.1   507   549   -7.5     151   Net Product Imports   3   973   1,396   -30.3   1,210   1,528   -20.8     160   Gross Product Imports   3   1,467   1,301   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9     161   Product Exports   1,467   1,301   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9     161   Product Exports   1,467   1,301   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9     161   Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)   -34   -696     261   -84       161   Product Supplied   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2     170   Product Supplied   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     180   Product Supplied   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     180   Product Supplied   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     180   Product Supplied   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   3,590   3,653   -1.7     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   3,590   3,653   -1.7     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180   Product Supplied   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     180	(12) Other Hydrocarbon [nput and Alcohol [nput				F42		U, 4 10 E
177   Processing   Gain   170   17	(13) Crude Oll Product Sunnlied	E56					
1,36e   Product   Imports   973   1,366   -30.3   1,210   1,528   -20.8     1,616   Gross Product   Imports   1,467   1,901   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9     1,817   Product Exports   1,467   1,901   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9     1,818   Product Exports   1,467   1,901   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9     1,818   Product Exports   1,467   1,901   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9     1,917   Product Exports   1,467   1,901   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9     1,917   Product Supplied for Domestic Use   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2     1,917   Product Supplied   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     1,918   Product Supplied   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     1,918   Product Supplied   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     1,918   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     1,918   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     1,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     1,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     1,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,856   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,655   -0.5   -4.0     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,633   2,655   -0.8     2,919   Product Supplied   2,987   2,647   -2.3   2,655   -0.5   -4.0     2,	(14) Processing Gain	570					-7-5
1,467   1,901   -22.9   1,733   2,036   -14.9	(15) Net Product Imports	973					-7.D
(18) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) <sup>4</sup> -34  -34  -696  -22  261  -84   261  -84   -84   -84    (19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use  15,204  15,309  -0.7  15,609  15,796  -1.2  Products Supplied  (20) Motor Casoline  (21) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel  229  232  -1.4  222  225  -1.4  222  225  -1.4  (22) Kerosene-type Jet Fuel  996  978  1.9  959  939  2.1  2.587  2.647  -2.3  2.833  2.836  2.856  -0.8  2.41  2.587  2.647  -2.3  2.833  2.836  3.653  3.653  3.653  3.653  3.653  3.653  3.653  3.653  -1.7  2.65) Total Products Supplied  15,204  15,309  -0.7  15,609  15,796  -1.2  Petroleum Stocks  Million Barrels)  09/27/85  09/20/85  09/27/84  Percent Change from Previous Week Year Ago  Percent Change from Previous Meek Year Ago  Petroleum Stocks  Million Barrels  09/27/85  09/20/85  09/27/84  Percent Change from Previous Meek Year Ago  Percent Change from Previous	(16) Gross Product Imports		1.901	-22.9	1 733		
(19) Total Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)" -34 -696 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 -64 261 261 -64 261							
Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2	(18) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)4						
Products Supplied (20) Motor Gasoline (21) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel (22) Kerosene-type Jet Fuel (22) Kerosene-type Jet Fuel (23) Distillate Fuel Oil (24) Kerosene-type Jet Fuel (25) Kerosene-type Jet Fuel (26) Total Products Supplied (27) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel (28) Distillate Fuel Oil (28) Distillate Fuel Oil (29) East July Supplied (20) Motor Gasoline (22) East July Supplied (20) Motor Gasoline (22) East July Supplied (20) Motor Gasoline (21) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel (22) East July Supplied (22) East July Supplied (23) Distillate Fuel Oil (24) Residual Fuel (25) Other Oils Supplied (25) Other Oils Supplied (26) Total Products Supplied (27) Motor Oils Supplied (27) Motor Oils Supplied (28) Total Products Supplied (29) Motor Gasoline (20) Motor Gasoline (21) Motor Gasoline (22) Motor Gasoline (23) Motor Gasoline (24) Motor Gasoline (25) Motor Gasoline (26) Motor Gasoline (27) Motor Gasoline (28) Motor Gasoline (29) Motor Gasoline (20) Motor Gasoline (20) Motor Gasoline (20) Motor Gasoline (20) Motor Gasoline (21) Motor Gasoline (22) Motor Gasoline (23) Motor Gasoline (24) Motor Gasoline (25) Motor Gasoline (26) Motor Gasoline (27) Motor Gasoline (28) Motor Gasoline (29) Motor Gasoline (20) Motor Gasoline (20) Motor Gasoline (20) Motor Gasoline (20) Moto	(19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use	15,204	15,309	-0.7	15,609		
200   Motor Casoline   6,652   6,624   0.4   6,809   6,694   1.7     221   Naphtha-type Jet Fuel   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     222   Kerosene-type Jet Fuel   996   978   1.9   959   939   2.1     224   Residual Fuel 0il   2,587   2,647   -2.3   2,833   2,856   -0.8     225   Other Oils Supplied   1,077   1,175   -8.3   1,196   1,430   -16.3     225   Other Oils Supplied   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2     226   Total Products Supplied   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2     227   Petroleum Stocks   Million Barrels   09/27/85   09/20/85   09/27/84   Percent Change from Previous Week   Year Ago     229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4     240   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2     241   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   15,309   -0.7   15,609   15,796   -1.2     242   Residual Fuel 0il   187.8   188.3   193.0   -0.5   -4.0     243   Residual Fuel 0il   187.8   188.3   193.0   -0.3   -2.7     244   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   15,309   14,66   35,1   39,8   -1.4   -13.0     245   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   14,6   141.7   0.5   -18.7     246   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   14,6   141.7   0.5   -18.7     247   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   14,6   141.7   0.5   -18.7     248   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   14,6   141.7   0.5   -18.7     248   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   14,6   141.7   0.5   -18.7     248   Residual Fuel 0il   15,204   14,6   141.7   0.5   -18.7     249   Residual Fuel 0il   18,78   19,004   19,20   10,40   10,20   -2.2   -7.0     240   Residual Fuel 0il   18,78   19,004   19,20   10,30   13,60     241   Residual Fuel 0il   10,44   19,33   10,79,9   0.6   -7.1     250   Residual Fuel 0il   10,58   19,004   19,005   19,005   13,60     250   Residual Fuel 0il   10,44   19,005   19,005   10,005   13,60     250   Residual Fuel 0il   10,44   19,005   10,00	Products Sunnifed		, ,		•	,	
(21) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel   229   232   -1.4   222   225   -1.4   (23)   (23)   (24)   (24)   (25		£ 650					
1.   1.   2.   2.   2.   2.   2.   2.	(21) Naphtha-type let Fuel				6,809	6,694	1.7
1.9   959   939   2.1	(22) Kerosene-type let Fuel			-1.4	222	225	
1,077   1,175   -8.3   1,196   1,430   -16.3   3,663   3,653   0.3   3,590   3,653   -1.7	(23) Distillate Fuel Oil	996			959		
1,307   1,175   1,307   1,175   1,430   1,430   1,630   1,43	(24) Residual Fuel Oil				2,833	2.856	
3,663   3,653   0.3   3,590   3,653   -1.7	(25) Other Oils Supplied <sup>5</sup>	1,077		-8.3	1,196	1.430	
Petroleum Stocks Million Barrels)  09/27/85  09/20/85  09/27/84  Percent Change from Previous Week Year Ago  Crude 0il (Excluding SPR) <sup>6</sup> Otal Motor Gasoline  222.5  Elending Components  Blending Components  34.6  35.1  39.8  -1.4  -13.0  erosene-type Jet Fuel  6.0  6.2  6.0  6.2  7.0  -3.1  -13.9  eistillate Fuel 0il  115.2  114.6  141.7  0.5  -18.7  nfinished_0ils  100.4  98.2  108.0  2.2  -7.0  otal Stocks (Excluding SPR)  1,003.4  997.3  1,079.9  0.6  -7.1  otal Stocks (Including SPR)  1,003.4  997.3  1,079.9  0.6  -7.1  otal Stocks (Including SPR)  1,003.4  1,079.9  0.6  -7.1  1,003.7  1,003.7  1,003.9	• •	3,663	3,653	0.3	3,590	3,653	
Million Barrels)  09/27/85 09/20/85 09/27/84 Previous Week Year Ago  13.4 311.7 326.5 0.5 -4.0  15.5 -4.0  16.0 6.2 23.5 232.8 -0.5 -4.5  18.7 8 188.3 193.0 -0.3 -2.7  18.7 8 188.3 193.0 -0.3 -2.7  18.7 9.8 9.1 9.8 9.8 -1.4 -13.0  18.6 9.6 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.8 9.8 -1.4 -13.0  18.6 9.6 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8  18.6 9.6 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.8 9.8  18.6 9.6 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.8  18.6 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.8 9.8  18.6 9.7 9.8 9.8 9.8  18.6 9.7 9.8 9.8 9.8  18.6 9.7 9.8 9.8 9.8  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9 9.8  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9 9.8  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9 9.8  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9  18.6 9.7 9.7 9.9  18.7 9.7 9.9  18.8 9.7 9.7 9	(26) Total Products Supplied	15,204	15,309	-0.7	15,609	15,796	-1.2
Trude Oil (Excluding SPR) <sup>6</sup> Otal Motor Gasoline Finished Motor Gasoline Blending Components Blending Comp	Petroleum Stocks						
Stall Motor Gasoline	(Million Barrels)	09/27/85	09/20/85	09/27/84	Prev	rercent una rious Week	
Stall Motor Gasoline	Crude Oil (Excluding SPR) <sup>6</sup>	242 6			<del></del>		······································
Finished Motor Gasoline  Finished Motor Gasoline  Blending Components  34.6  aphtha-type Jet Fuel  6.0  6.0  6.2  7.0  35.1  39.8  -1.4  -13.0  erosene-type Jet Fuel  36.1  35.4  38.1  1.9  -5.1  esidual Fuel Oil  115.2  114.6  141.7  0.5  -18.7  nfinished-Oils  41.8  39.3  46.5  6.4  -10.2  ther Oils  0tal Stocks (Excluding SPR)  1,003.4  97.3  1,079.9  0tal Stocks (Including SPR)						0.5	-4.0
Blending Components   187.8						-0.5	-4.5
aphtha-type	Blending Components					-0.3	
erosene-type Jet Fuel istillate Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil 115.2 114.6 141.7 0.5 -18.7 41.8 39.3 46.5 6.4 -10.2 100.4 98.2 108.0 2.2 -7.0 100.4 98.2 108.0 2.2 -7						-1.4	
36.1   35.4   38.1   1.9   -5.1	Gerosene-type Jet Fuel					-3.1	
esidual Fuel Oil 115.2 114.6 141.7 0.5 -18.7 115.2 114.6 141.7 0.5 -18.7 115.2 114.8 39.3 46.5 6.4 -10.2 100.4 98.2 108.0 2.2 -7.0 100.4 98.2 108.0 2.2 -7.0 100.4 100.2 100.4 100.2 100.2 100.2 100.4 100.2	Distillate Fuel Oil						
#1.8	desidual Fuel Oil						
ther Oils' E168.0 E168.3 179.3 -0.2 -7.0 E168.0 E168.3 179.3 -0.2 -6.3 otal Stocks (Excluding SPR) 1,003.4 997.3 1,079.9 0.6 -7.1 otal Stocks (Including SPR) 489.2 488.0 430.9 0.3 13.6	Infinished_0ils					6.4	
otal Stocks (Excluding SPR)  rude Oil In SPR  otal Stocks (Including SPR)  1,003.4  489.2  488.0  488.0  489.2  488.0  489.2  488.0  489.2  488.0  489.2  488.0  489.2  488.0  489.2  488.0  489.2  488.0  489.2  489.2  488.0  489.2  489.2  489.2  489.2  488.0	ther Oils					2.2	
rude Utl In SPR  489.2 488.0 430.9 0.3 13.6		£168.0	E168.3	179.3			
otal Stocks (Including SPR)  489.2 488.0 430.9 0.3 13.6	otal Stocks (Excluding SPR)	1,003.4	997.3	1,079.9		0.6	-7.1
otal Stocks (Including SPR) 1 has 7 1 has 3 4 mas 7	indo oii in omg	489.2					
	ocal Scocks (including SPR)	1,492.7	1,485,3	1,510,7		0.5	-1.2

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total. The percentages shown are calculated using unrounded numbers.

E=Estimate based on monthly data.

1 Includes lease condensate.
2 Net Imports = Gross Imports (line 3) + SPR Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5).
3 Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids for processing.

liquids for processing.

4 Includes an estimate of minor product stock change based on monthly data.

5 Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuels, and distillate and residual fuel oils.

6 Includes crude oil in transit to refineries.

7 Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

For the current two weeks, stocks of these minor products are estimated from monthly data. (See Glossary: Stock Change (Refined Products)).

Source: o 1984 Monthly Data: EIA, "Petroleum Supply Annual." o 1985 Monthly Data: EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly."

o 1985 Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on EIA weekly data.

# REFINERY ACTIVITY (Million Barrels per Day)

#### Inputs and Utilization

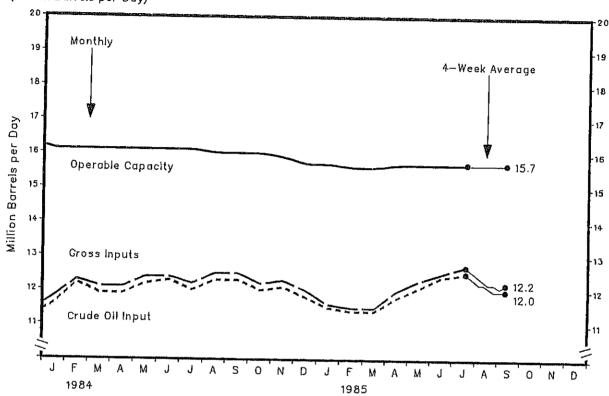
Year/Element	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Ѕер	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization	11.1 11.1 16.9 68.0	5 11.0 9 16.9	11.1 16.9	11.7 16.9	12.1 16.9	12.6 16.8	5 12.6 3 16.8	6 12.4 B 16.7	12.7 16.3	11.8 12.0 16.3 73.4	12.0 12.2 16.3 74.8	11.4 11.4 16.3 69.9
1984 Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization <sup>1</sup>	11.6 11.6 16.1 72.9	12,3 16,1	11.9 12.1 16.1 74.9	11.9 12.† 16.1 74.9	12.2 12.4 16.1 77.4		12.2 16.1	2 12.5 16.0	12.5 16.0	12.0 12.2 16.0 75.9	12.1 12.3 15.9 77.2	11.8 12.0 15.7 76.0
1985 Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization <sup>1</sup>	11.5 11.6 15.7 75.2	11.5 15.6	11.4 11.5 15.6 73.6	11.8 12.0 15.7 76.3	12,1 12,3 15.7 78,3	12.4 12.5 15.7 79.3	12.7					
Average for Four-Week Period 1985	Ending 08/0		08/16	08/23	08/30	09/0	6 09/1	3 09/20	09/27			
Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization <sup>1</sup>	12.5 12.7 E15.7 80.7	12.4 12.6 E15.7 80.0	12.3 12.5 E15.7 79.3	12.2 12.4 E15.7 78.6	12.2 12.3 E15.7 78.3	12.1 12.2 E15.7 77.5	12.0 12.2 E15.7 77.3	12.0 12.1 E15.7 77.1	12.0 12.2 E15.7 77.3			
Production by Product						<del></del>	·····		<del></del>			
Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	6.1 1.0 2.3 1.0	5.8 1.0 2.1 0.9	5.9 1.0 2.0 0.8	6.2 1.0 2.2 0.9	6.4 1.0 2.4 0.9	6.7 1.0 2.5 0.8	6.7 1.0 2.6 0.8	6.5 1.0 2.6 0.7	6.6 1.1 2.7 0.8	6,2 1,0 2,7 0,8	6,6 1,1 2,7 0,8	6.3 0.9 2.5 0.9
otor Gasoline let Fuel Histillate Fuel Oil Hesidual Fuel Oil	6.0 1.0 2.6 1.0	6.3 1.1 2.9 1.0	6.4 1.1 2.5 0.9	6.5 1.1 2.3 0.8	6.7 1.1 2.6 0.8	6.6 1.1 2.9 0.8	6.5 1.2 2.7 0.8	6.4 1.2 2.7 0.8	6.5 1.2 2.7 0.9	6.4 1.2 2.7	6.7 1.1 2.8	6.5 1.1 2.8
985 otor Gasoline et Fuel istillate Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil	5.9 1.1 2.6 1.0	5,9 1.1 2,5 1.0	6.0 1.2 2.2 1.0	6.3 1.1 2.5 0.9	6.5 1.1 2.7 0.8	6.8 1.1 2.6 0.7	6.8 1.2 2.6 0.7		<b>0,</b> <i>3</i>	0.9	0,9	1.1
verage for Four-Week Period E 985	nding: 08/02	08/09 (	19/16 4	00/05								
otor Gasoline ot Fuel stillate Fuel Oil	6,8 1,2	6.9 1.2	08/16 ( 6.9 1.2	08/23 ( 6.8 1.2	08/30 6.8 1.2	09/06 6.7	09/13 6.6	09/20 6.5	09/27 6.4	<del></del>	***************************************	<del></del>

E=Estimate based on most recent monthly data.

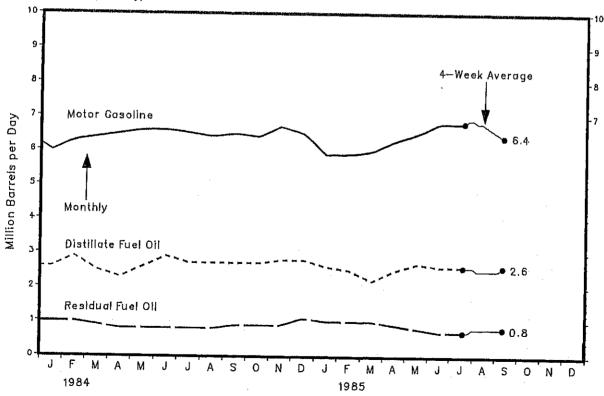
1 Percentage utilization is calculated as four-week average gross inputs divided by the latest reported monthly operable capacity. See Glossary. Percentages are calculated using unrounded numbers. Note: Production statistics represent net production (i.e., refinery output minus refinery input). Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

# Refinery Activity









Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Week Ending 09/27/85 Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

STOCKS OF CRUDE OIL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS<sup>1</sup>, U.S. TOTALS (Hillion Barrels)

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Crude Oil <sup>2</sup> Motor Casoline Finished Casoline Blending Components Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Total (Incl. SPR)	40.7 167.6 60.5 110.6 162.9 1,151.9	250.2 206.5 43.8 39.4 148.2 53.3 108.7 161.0 1,124.1	223.0 182.7 40.4 41.6 118.1 46.3 111.8 163.9 1,059.7	7 182,0 7 182,0 6 40,3 1 103,1 8 46,6 8 114,6 9 170,2 1,056,6	7 223.1 8 185.3 9 37.8 8 41.1 1 108.9 5 51.0 5 176.9 6 1,066.7 7 326.8	222.6 182.8 39.7 41.1 113.7 49.9 110.8 184.4 1,073.0 332.5	230.5 189.8 40.7 40.8 130.7 51.9 108.0 188.8 1,085.8 340.7	226.3 184.8 41.5 40.0 142.4 48.3 110.6 191.5 1,107.7 351.8	229.1 189.3 39.8 41.4 154.0 49.7 112.9 190.6 1,124.3 361.0	227.4 187.1 40.3 43.2 162.6 51.2 112.2 194.9 1,140.3	371.3	379.1
1984 Crude Oil <sup>2</sup> Motor Gasoline Finished Gasoline Blending Components Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Total (Incl. SPR)	35.6 119.3 45.1 110.7 159.7 1,044.8 384.4	237.1 196.6 40.5 39.1 132.2 57.1 109.7 160.7 1,076.1 387.2	242.6 202.1 40.5 40.7 109.6 47.9 115.7 159.7 1,052.5 391.8	248.0 207.1 40.8 40.8 97.7 47.4 120.3 165.1 1,064.9	252.6 210.4 42.2 41.1 98.1 46.4 122.3 172.1 1,091.7	245.5 204.1 41.4 43.0 112.8 46.9 110.8 176.9 1,088.8 413.7	423.4	429.5	4311	343.0 232.4 193.0 39.4 44.7 152.2 50.8 111.1 172.8 1,107.1 436.8 1,543.9	11 3 V	ACA C
1985 Crude Oil <sup>2</sup> Motor Gasoline Finished Gasoline Blending Components Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished, Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Total (Incl. SPR)	336.1 234.0 197.8 36.2 41.0 141.8 46.8 100.4 152.3 1,052.4 457.4 1,509.8	325.5 226.8 190.0 36.8 41.7 121.5 47.0 99.7 145.1 1,007.3	329.1 220.1 186.4 33.7 44.1 99.4 46.3 110.2 148.5 997.7 461.6	341.8 216.6 182.0 34.5 41.7 97.1 46.6 113.2 152.1 1,009.0	356, 4 216, 6 181, 3 35, 3 42, 2 104, 6 41, 8 114, 0 159, 9 1,035, 6	342.9 219.8 186.3 33.5 42.4 110.0 40.2 113.4 164.7 1,033.4	326.6 227.6 191.7 35.9 42.6 115.5 40.8 111.1 166.9 1,031.1					
Yeek Ending; 1985	08/02	08/09	08/16	08/23	08/30	09/06	09/13	09/20	00/27			
Crude Oil <sup>2</sup> Motor Casoline Finished Gasoline Blending Components Met Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Mesidual Fuel Oil Minished Oils When Oils Otal (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Otal (Incl. SPR)	323.5 226.5 191.8 34.8 43.2 115.7 40.2 107.4 E169.0 1,025.5 1,509.1	328.7 224.7 189.5 35.2 42.6 116.3 40.9 106.9 E169.5 ,029.6 483.9 ,513.5	' 026.2را ماهار	315.5 226.5 191.0 35.5 41.8 116.9 39.0 102.3 E170.8 1,012.7	321.1 224.1 189.5 34.6 41.4 114.1 37.2 100.9 E171.3	316.6 223.4 188.7 34.7 41.9 115.7 38.2 100.3 E171.3	317.0 224.1 189.0 35.1 41.7 115.8 39.4 99.7 E171.0	311.7 223.5 188.3 35.1 41.7 114.6 39.3 98.2 E168.3	313.4 222.5 187.8 34.6 42.2 115.2 41.8 100.4 E168.0 ,003.4 489.2			

E=Estimated, See Glossary for definition of "Stock Change (Refined Products)" for explanation of other oils estimation methodology.

<sup>1</sup> Product stocks include those stocks held at refineries, in pipelines, and at major bulk terminals. Stocks held at natural gas processing plants are included in "Other Oils" and in totals. All stock levels are as of

held at natural gas processing plants are included in mother of the period.

2 Crude oil stocks include those stocks held at refineries, in pipelines, in lease tanks, and in transit to refineries, and do not include those held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

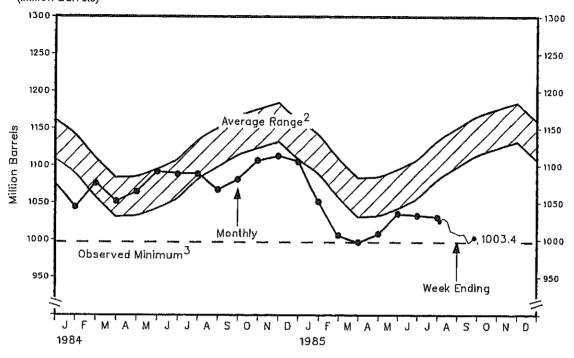
3 included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

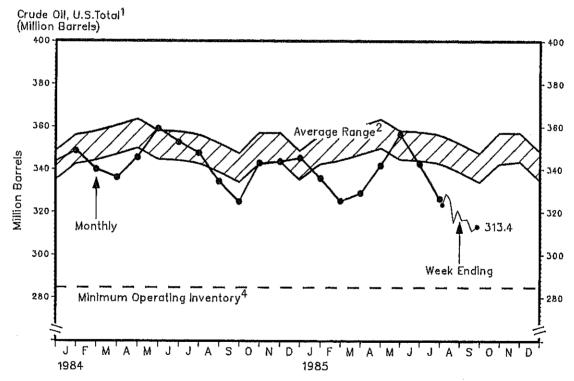
Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Stocks

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, U.S. Total<sup>1</sup> (Million Barrels)





1 Excludes stocks held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and includes crude oil in transit to refineries.

2 Average level and width of average range are based on three years of monthly data: 2 Average level and width of average range are based on three years of monthly data.

January 1982—December 1984. The seasonal pattern is based on seven years of monthly data.

See Appendix B for further explanation.

3 The observed minimum for total stocks in the last 36-month period, was 997.7 million barrels.

It occurred in March 1985. See Appendix B for further explanation.

4 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines the Minimum Operating Inventory as the inventory level below which constitute and shortenes would be in the appear in a

inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the NPC estimated this inventory level for crude oil to be 285 million barrels. See Appendix B for further explanation.

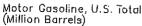
Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

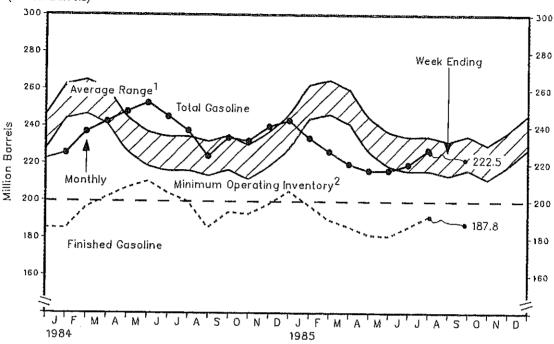
STOCKS OF MOTOR GASOLINE BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT (Million Barrels)

Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jui	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983	······································	<u></u>		<del></del>				·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Finished Casoline	207.2	206.5	182.7	100 0								
Blending Components	42.5									187.1	196.0	185.
iotal Gasoline	249.7									40.3	39.8	36.
East Coast (PADD 1)	70.2									227.4	235.8	222.
Midwest (PADD 2)	75.2								- / • •	61.7	63.5	€3.
Gulf Coast (PADD 3)	63,9					,			65.4	64.4	68.4	63.
Rocky Mountain (PADD 4)	9,4								64.8	67.9	69.9	60.
West Coast (PADD 5)	31.0			24.1	25.0				5,9	6,3	7.4	7.
1984			- • -	~.,,	2.5,0	20,0	30.3	30.8	28,9	27.1	26.6	27.
Finished Gasoline												
Blending Components	185,5	196.6		207.1	210.4	204.1	199.7	185,9	104 1	100 0		
Total Gasoline	40.1	40.5		40.8	42.2	41.4	38.4	38.5	194.1	193.0	198.5	205.
East Coast (PADD 1)	225.7	237,1		248.0	252.6	245.5	238.1	224.4	40.0	39.4	41.6	38.
Midwest (PADD 2)	61.8	65.2	65,3	66.9	71.1	69.4	71,8	65.4	234.1 64.8	232.4	240.1	243.
Gulf Coast (PADD 3)	63.2	68.4	70.6	71.4	68.3	65.5	64.6	62.7		63.2	63.5	68.
Rocky Mountain (PADD 4)	62.4	66.1	70.9	72.5	72.9	70.9	65.1	62.8	66.8 69.5	65.5	67.6	72.
West Coast (PADD 5)	8.4	8.7	9.0	8.7	8.8	7.9	7.5	6.4	6.2	69.6	71.4	63,
(1 MOD 3)	29.9	28.6	26.8	28,5	31.5	31.7	29.0	27.0	26.8	6.3	6.9	7.9
985								2710	20.0	27.9	30.7	31.8
inished Casoline	197.8	100.0	400 .									
lending Components	36.2	190.0	186.4	182.0	181.3	186.3	191.7					
otal Gasoline	234.0	36.8 226.8	33.7	34.5	35.3	33.5	35.9					
East Coast (PADD 1)	62.3	60.7	220.1	216.6	216.6	219.8	227.6					
Midwest (PADD 2)	71.1	67.5	61.4	60.0	60.8	62.6	66.3					
Gulf Coast (PADD 3)	59.7	61.1	66,1	60.4	55.3	57.9	60.6					
Rocky Mountain (PADD 4)	8.5	8.5	57.3	60,4	63.2	62.2	64.8					
West Coast (PADD 5)	32.5	29.1	8.2 27.2	7.1	7.1	6.7	5.5					
,	02,5	23.1	41.2	28.8	30.2	30.4	30.4					
ek Ending:												
985	00/00											
	08/02	08/09	08/16	08/23	08/30	09/06	09/13	09/20	09/27			
nished Casoline	191.8	189.5	190 0	104 6					441 41			<del></del>
ending Components	34.8	35.2	189.9 34.9	191.0	189.5	188.7	189.0	188.3	187.8			
ital Gasoline	226.5	224.7		35.5	34.6	34.7	35,1	35.1	34.6			
East Coast (PADD 1)	67.7	66.3	224.7 63.8	226.5	224.1	223.4	224.1	223.5	222.5			
Midwest (PADD 2)	59.3	61.2	63.8	65.0	62.6	60.4	62.2	61.8	58.3			
Culf Coast (PADD 3)	64.8	62.7	62.8	64.6	63.8	67.3	67.4	66.8	67.4			
Kocky Mountain (PADD 4)	5.5	5.4	5.3	63.0	64.4	62.7	60.8	60.5	62.0			
West Coast (PADD 5)	29.2	29.1	29.0	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	6.1			
	. • -		23.0	28.6	27.9	27.5	28.2	29.0	28.7			

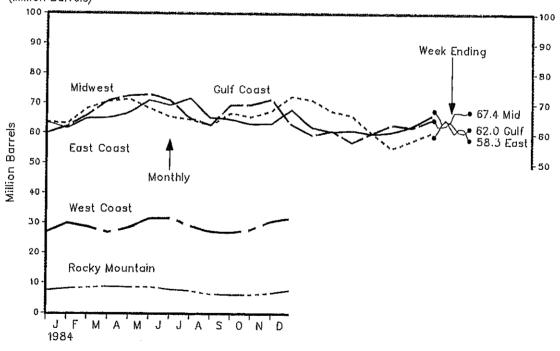
Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Stocks





Motor Gasoline by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)



1 Average level and width of average range are b January 1982—December 1984. The seasonal patts See Appendix B for further explanation. 2 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines to inventory level below which operating problems and defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the 1 total motor gasoline to be 200 million barrels. See Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

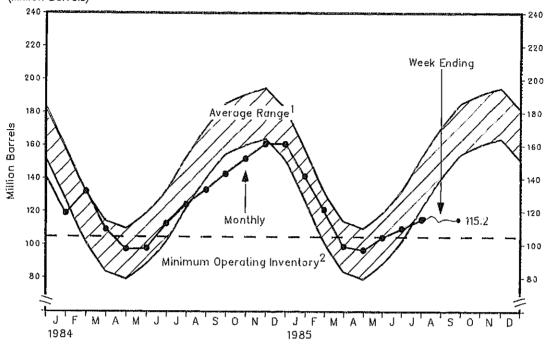
STOCKS OF DISTILLATE FUEL OIL BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT (Million Barrels)

Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983												
Total U.S.	167.6		118.1	103.1	108.9	113.7	130.7	142.4	154.0	162.6	161.2	140.3
East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2)	71.1 47.1	55.5 46.5	38.0 39.0	31.8 33.2	36.9 30.4	41.0 29.6	50.9 33.3	61.7 36.3	67.5 38.6	74.6 40.3	70.7 42.8	57.7 40.2
Gulf Coast(PADD 3)	31,2	28.9	26.7	26.0	28.7	29.7	32.4	30.8	34.4	34.4	33.8	27.8
Rocky Mountain(PADD 4)	4.1	4.0	3,3	2.8	2.9	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.7	2.6	2,8	3.3
West Coast(PADD 5)	14.0	13.4	11.1	9.3	9,9	10.6	11.0	10.6	10.8	10.7	11.2	11,3
1984												
Total U.S.	119.3	132.2	109.6	97.7	98.1	112.8	124.4	133.3	142.9	152.2	161.0	161,1
East Coast(PADD 1)	43.3	54.4	37.3	29.8	32.7	40.0	45.3	49.1	57.5	71.7	74.9	72.9
Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3)	37.1 24.6	37.0	33.5	30.1	27.0	31.6	36.1	39.3	38.6	36.4	37.6	43.7
Rocky Mountain (PADD 4)	3,4	26.8 3.2	24.1 3.3	23.0 3.2	23.5 3.4	26.1 3.5	28.2 3.6	30.4 3.5	32.3 3.3	29.9 3.2	33.1 3.5	28.8 3.7
West Coast (PADD 5)	10.8	10.8	11.3	11.5	11.5	11.6	11.3	11.0	11.2	11.0	11.9	11.9
1985												
Total U.S.	141.8	121.5	99.4	97.1	104.6	110.0	115.5					
East Coast(PADD 1)	55,6	43.4	32.6	31.3	33.6	34.3	38.8					
Midwest(PADD 2)	44.3	40.2	32,2	29.4	30.3	32.6	32.7					
Gulf Coast(PADD 3)	27.4	23.9	21.3	24.2	27.2	28.2	28.2					
Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	3.7	3.5	2.9	2.3	2.7	3.1	3.1					
	10.7	10.5	10.4	9.9	10.9	11.9	12,8					
Week Ending:												
1985	08/02	08/09	08/16	08/23	08/30	09/06	00/12	00/00	00/07			
T-1 1 11 0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00,00	00/10	00/23	007.30	03/06	09/13	09/20	09/27		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1)	115.7	116.3	117.8	116.9	114.1	115.7	115.8	114.6	115.2			
Midwest (PADD 2)	39.5 31.3	39.8	40,4	40.6	40.3	42.0	43.7	43.7	44.3			
Gulf Coast(PADD 3)	29,4	31.2 29.5	31.3 30.4	32.0 29.2	31.2	31.8	33.2	32.5	32.8			
Rocky Mountain(PADD 4)	3.0	3.0	30.4	2.9	28.0 2.8	27.1 3.1	24.5	24.9	25.2			
West Coast(PADD 5)	12,4	12.8	12.7	12.2	11.8	11.7	2.9 11.5	2.7 10.8	2.7 10.2			
								10.0	10.2			

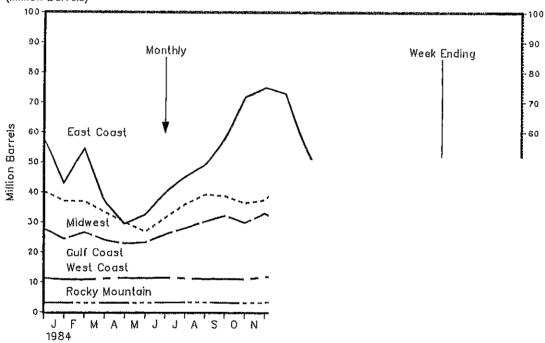
Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

## Stocks

Distillate Fuel Oil, U.S. Total (Million Barrels)



Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)



1 Average level and width of average range are January 1982—December 1984. The seasonal pc See Appendix B for further explanation.

See Appendix B for further explanation.

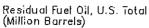
2 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) define inventory level below which operating problems c defined distribution system. in its 1983 study, th distillate fuel oil to be 105 million barrels. See Appropries See Sources Section of this publication.

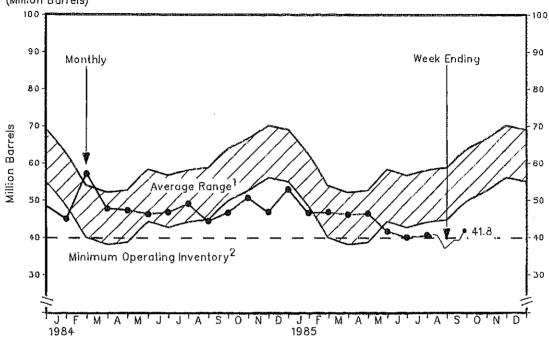
STOCKS OF RESIDUAL FUEL OIL BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT (Million Barrels)

Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Арг	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
i983 Total U.S. East Coast(FADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	60.5 29.8 5.0 16.2 0.5 8.9	53.3 25.3 4.4 14.0 0.4 9.1	46.3 20.6 3.6 12.8 0.4 8.9	46.6 20.2 3.4 13.4 0.5 9.0	51.0 23.8 3.5 14.5 0.5 8.5	49.9 24.2 3.7 13.1 0.4 8.4	51.9 25.3 3.7 13.7 0.5 8.6	48.3 23.8 3.7 13.2 0.5 7.1	49.7 23.5 3.5 13.8 0.5 8.5	51.2 25.2 3.8 13.5 0.5 8.3	54.2 29.3 3.6 12.3 0.4 8.5	48.5 24.8 4.0 11.0 0.5 8.2
1984 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	45.1 20.4 3.7 11.8 0.4 8.8	57.1 30.4 4.2 12.9 0.4 9.3	47.9 24.4 4.1 9.9 0.5 9.0	47.4 22.7 3.6 10.9 0.6 9.6	46.4 23.1 4.0 10.1 0.6 8.8	46.9 22.0 3.6 11.2 0.5 9.6	49.2 24.7 3.5 9.8 0.6 10.7	44.6 21.9 3.6 9.2 0.5 9.4	46.8 25.0 3.5 9.8 0.5 8.1	50.8 26.8 3.8 10.2 0.7 9.3	47.0 24.0 3.7 10.4 0.6 8.3	53.0 28.9 3.5 11.2 0.6 8.7
1985 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Culf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	46.8 23.4 3.0 10.7 0.5 9.1	47.0 21.8 3.4 11.6 0.5 9.6	46.3 21.8 3.5 11.0 0.6 9.4	46.6 20.8 3.6 11.7 0.5	41.8 17.7 3.7 11.7 0.5 8.2	40.2 17.4 3.7 10.7 0.5 7.9	40.8 18.5 3.5 9.7 0.4 8.7					
Week Ending: 1985	08/02	08/09	08/16	08/23	08/30	09/06	09/13	09/20	09/27			
Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	40,2 18.1 4.3 9.2 0.4 8.2	40.9 18.6 4.0 9.3 0.4 8.5	40.6 18.1 3.8 9.8 0.4 8.5	39.0 15.3 4.3 10.5 0.4 8.4	37.2 14.8 4.1 9.6 0.4 8.4	38.2 14.7 4.2 9.7 0.4 9.2	39.4 15.8 4.0 10.6 0.5 8.5	39.3 16.1 3.8 11.0 0.4 8.0	41.8 18.7 3.7 10.9 0.5 8.0		* 1	

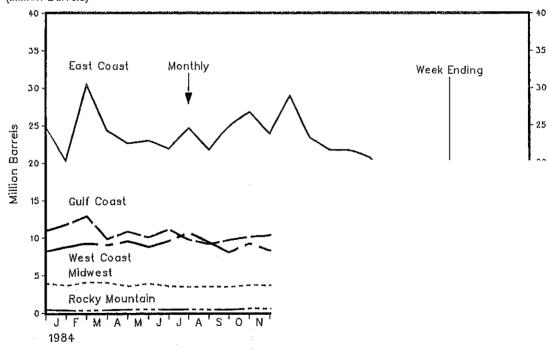
Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

# Stocks





Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)



1 Average level and width of average range or January 1982—December 1984. The seasonal posee Appendix B for further explanation.
2 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) define inventory level below which operating problems defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the residual fuel oil to be 40 million barrels. See Applicatic See Sources Section of this publication.

(Million barrels per bay)												····
Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Ѕер	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983	<del></del>					2 1		2 0	2 0	3.2	3.2	3.0
Crude Oil (Excl. SPR)	2.7	2.1	2.1	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.6	3.9	3.9 0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
PR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8
efined Products	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9		5.3	5.2	5.0
ross imports (Incl. SPR)	4.4	3.7	3.7	4.7	5.1	5.3	5.7	6.2	6.1 0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6
otal Exports'	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.7		4.7		4.7
let Imports (Incl. SPR) 984	3,5	2.9	2.9	3.9	4.2	4.6	5,2	5.5	5.4	7.7	4.5	7,
Crude Oil (Excl. SPR)	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.2	3.7	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.4	2.9
SPR	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Refined Products	2.4	2.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.1
ross Imports (Incl. SPR)	5.4	5.7	5.3	5,4	6.0	5.5	5.4	5,0	5.3	5.8	5,6	4.
otal Exports'	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.
let Imports (Incl. SPR) 985	4.9	5.1	4.5	4.7	5.2	4.6	4.9	4.3	4.6	5.2	4.7	3,5
rude Oil (Excl. SPR)	2.5	2.0	2.8	3.3	3.5	3.0	3.0					
PR	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2					
Refined Products	1,7	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.7					
ross Imports <sub>1</sub> (Incl. SPR)	4.4	3.9	4.7	5.3	5.7	4.9	4.9					
otal Exports'	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7					
et imports (incl. SPR)	3.6	3.1	4.0	4.5	5.0	4.2	4.2					
verage for Four-Week Period			00/46	00/02	00/00	00/00	00/42	00/40	00/07			
985	08/02	08/09	08/16	08/23	08/30	09/06	09/13	09/20	09/27			*.··.
rude Oil (Excl. SPR)	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	3.0	3.0			
PR	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1			
efined Products	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.5	1,6	1.5	1.5	1.5			
ross Imports (Incl. SPR)	4.7	4,4	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.4	4,2	4.6	4.5			
otal Exports'	E0.7	E0.7	£0.7	E0.7	E0.7	E0.7	E0.7	E0.7	E0.7			
et Imports (Incl. SPR)	3.9	3,6	3.7	3,5	3,5	3.7	3,5	3.9	3,9			
ear/Product	Jan	Feb		A		<del></del>						
	2011		Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
983	153	4.00	460								****************	
inished Motor Gasoline et Fuel	153	128	186	255	305	277	302	250	279	330	269	224
istillate Fuel Oil	27	8	35	15	29	26	30	40	44	49	23	24
esidual Fuel Oil	68	5 <del>9</del>	42	73	147	179	267	301	259	260	203	22
ther Petroleum Products <sup>2</sup>	691	647	686	753	738	677	684	739	706	638	780	641
984	535	617	450	512	511	591	586	602	631	535	599	703
inished Motor Gasoline	231	299	355	319	346	296	247	242	349	308	200	ວກເ
et Fuel	65	114	49	103	56	52	40	98	33		286	308
istillate Fuel Cil	299	454	115	220	253	256	199	259	291	56 421	36	39
esidual Fuel Oil	1059	1151	636	651	565	685	597	572	606		316	190
ther Petroleum Products <sup>2</sup>	721	724	677	662	817	647	678	625	630	461 782	585 781	62°
inished Motor Gasoline	204	347	473	475	487	384	426				-	
et Fuel	64	40	46	18	31	35						
istillate Fuel Oil	271	148	153	244	203	35 147	45 95					
esidual Fuel Uil	594	614	496	422	505	426						
ther Petroleum Products <sup>2</sup>	544	645	714	691	769	710	431 735					
verage for Four-Week Period												
985	08/02	08/09	08/16	08/23	08/30	09/06	09/13	09/20	09/27			
inished Motor Gasoline	372	360	328	265	289	313	304	מלמ	222		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
et Fuel	31	21	23	32	22	34	25	273	233			
stillate Fuel 0;1	74	72	88	99	122	142	148	16	25			
esidual Fuel Oil	449	421	464	366	356	394		140	147	:		
ther Petroleum Products <sup>2</sup>	618	595	692	673	680	722	375 642	469	493			
						142	642	633	569			
the property of the second control of the second												

14

E=Estimate based on most recert monthly data available.

1 Includes exports of crude oil and refined petroleum products. Exports of crude oil are prohibited by law, except to Canada. Crude oil shipped from the U.S. to its territories such as Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, and shipments to the Hawaiian Foreign Trade Zone are not prohibited and are included in export statistics.

2 Includes imports of kerosene, unfinished oils, motor gasoline blending components, liquefied petroleum gases

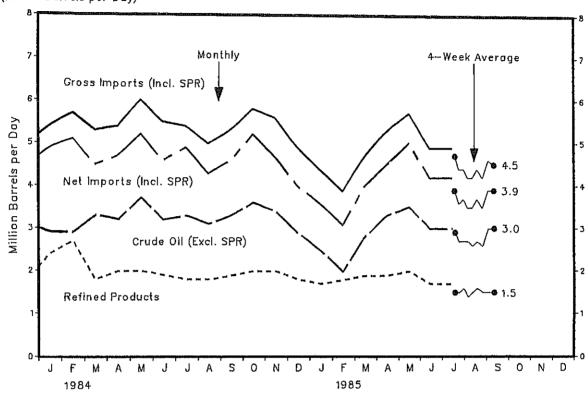
Note: Detail data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

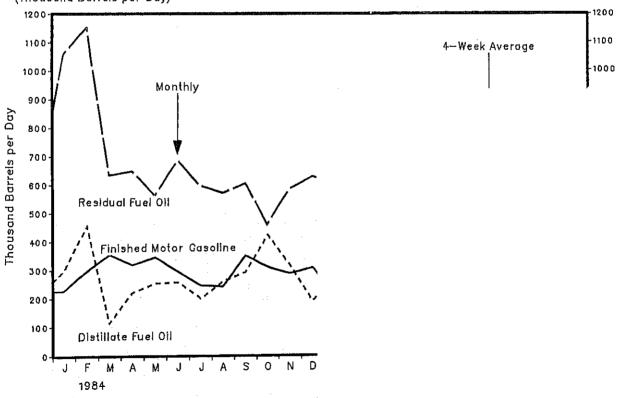
Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administration

# Imports

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products (Million Barrels per Day)

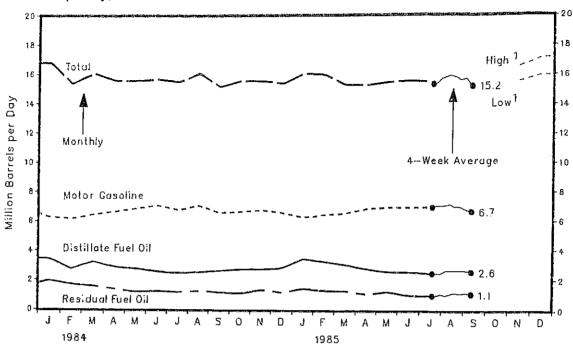






Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Week Ending 09/27/85 Weekly Petroleum Statu



Year/Product		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distrilate Fuel Residual Fuel Other Total		6.1 1.0 2.8 1.6 3.3 14.7	6.0 1.1 2.8 1.6 3.4 14.8	6.8 1.0 2.9 1.6 3.2 15.5	6.5 1.0 2.7 1.4 3.1 14.7	6.6 1.0 2.4 1.3 3.2 14.5	7.0 1.1 2.5 1.3 3.4 15.3	6.8 1.1 2.3 1.3 3.6 15.0	6.9 1.1 2.5 1.4 3.6 15.5	6.7 1.1 2.6 1.4 3.8 15.5	6.6 1.0 2.6 1.2 3.5	6.6 1.0 2.9 1.4 3.7 15.5	6.8 1.2 3.4 1.6 3.7
1984 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Residual Fuel Other Total	0i1 0i1	6.3 1.2 3.5 2.0 3.8 16.8	6.2 1.1 2.8 1.7 3.5 15.4	6.5 1.1 3.3 1.6 3.5 16.1	6.7 1.2 2.9 1.4 3.4	6,9 1,1 2,8 1,2 3,5 15,6	7.1 1.1 2.6 1.3 3.6 15.7	6.8 1.2 2.5 1.2 3.7	7.1 1.2 2.6 1.3 3.9 16.1	6.6 1.2 2.7 1.2 3.6	6.7 1.2 2.8 1.1 3.8 15.6	6.8 1.2 2.8 1.4 3.5	6.6 1.2 2.9 1.2 3.5
1985 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Residual Fuel Other Total	011 011	6.3 1,2 3.5 1.5 3.7 16.1	6.5 1.1 3.3 1.3 3.7 16.0	6.6 1.1 3.1 1.3 3.2 15.3	6.9 1.2 2.8 1.1 3.3 15.3	7.0 1.1 2.6 1.3 3.4	7.0 1.1 2.6 1.0 3.8 15.6	7.0 1.2 2.5 1.0 3.8 15.5		10,2	15,0	13.0	10,4
Average for Four 1985	-Week Perio	d Ending: 08/02	08/09	08/16	08/23	08/30	09/06	09/13	09/20	09/27			
Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Residual Fuel Other Total	0f1 0f1	7.0 1.3 2.5 1.0 3.6 15.3	7.1 1.3 2.5 1.0 3.6 15,4	7.1 1.3 2.5 1.1 3.7 15.7	7.1 1.3 2.7 1.0 3.7 15.8	7.2 1.3 2.7 1.1 3.6 15.9	7.0 1.3 2.7 1.2 3.7 15.8	7.0 1.3 2.7 1.1 3.6 15.6	6.8 1.3 2.7 1.2 3.8 15.7	6.7 1.2 2.6 1.1 3.7			

<sup>1</sup> Projected. See Appendix C for explanation of derivation of values. Note: Detail data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

# REFINER ACQUISITION COST OF CRUDE OIL (Dollars per Barrel)

Year/Type	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1983		<del></del>			· <del>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>		<del></del>					
Domestic	30.55	29.16	28.69	28.45	28.68	28.67	28.74	28.58	28.69	28.88	28,76	28.62
Imported	31.40	30.76	28.43	27.95	28.53	29.23	28.76	29.50	29.54	29.67	29.09	29.30
Composite	30.73	29,49	28.64	28.33	28.64	28.85	28.75	28.88	28.97	29,14	28.05	28.83
1984												
Domestic	28.62	28,76	28.75	28.63	28.65	28.58	28,70	28.59	28.56	28.46	28.10	27.95
Imported	28.80	28.91	28.95	29.11	29.26	29.19	29.00	28.92	28.70	28.79	28.74	28.02
Composite	28.67	28.81	28.81	28.77	28.83	28.77	28.79	28,69	28.60	28,56	28.30	27.97
1985												
Domestic	26.89	26.39	26.61	26.79	26.90	26.50	26.67					
Imported	27.51	27.05	27.23	27.61	27.62	27.27	26.46					
Composite	27.02	26.53	26.77	27.04	27.11	26.69	26.61					

AVERAGE RETAIL SELLING PRICES MOTOR GASOLINE AND RESIDENTIAL HEATING OIL (Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1983				·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, ,	
Motor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular	114.6	109.9	106.4	113.1	117.7	119.7	120.7	120.3	118.9	117.2	115.6	114.6
Unleaded Premium Unleaded Regular	137.6 122.8	133.8	130.8	136.0	139.7	141.1	142.1	141.9	141.0	139.5	138.4	137.6
All-Types 4	121.3	118.7 117.0	115.1 113.5	121.5 119.8	125.9 124.3	127.7 126.1	128.8 127.2	128.5 126.9	127.4 125.7	125.5 123.9	124.1 122.4	123.1 121.5
Residential Heating Oil	115.0	111.6	105.1	103.5	104.8	106.0	105.0	104.9	105.7	106.0	106.0	106.7
nadiadictal hearing off	115.0	111,0	1051	10313	10410	100,0	105.0	104.5	105,7	10010	100.0	100.7
1984 Motor Gasoline Leaded Regular	113.1	112.5	112.5	114.5	115,4	114.7	112.9	111.6	112.0	112.7	112.4	110,9
Unleaded Premium	136.9	136.1	136.2	137.5	138.0	137.7	137.0	135,5	136.0	136.5	136.4	135,4
Unleaded Regular	121.6	120.9	121,0	122.7	123.6	122.9	121.2	119.6	120.3	120.9	120.7	119.3
All-Types	120.0	119.3	119.4	121.1	122.1	121.4	119.7	118.4	118.9	119.5	119.3	117.9
Residential Heating Oil'	112.0	116.9	111.3	109.8	108.4	107.2	104.8	103,3	103.6	104.9	105.3	104.8
1985 Motor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular	106.0	104.1	107.1	111.9	114.4	115.3	115.4	114.3				
Unleaded Premium	130.4	129.0	131.0	134.0	136.0	137.1	136.7	135.9				
Unleaded Regular	114.8	113.1	115.9	120.5	123.1	124.1	124.2	122.9				
All-Types	114.5	112.8	115.5	119.9	122.3	123.3	123.3	122.2				
Residential Heating Oil'	104.9	105.3	105.0	105.0	103.5	P100.8						

P=Preliminary 1 Residential heating oil prices do not include taxes. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Country	Type of Crude/ API Gravity	Current Price	In Effect 1 Jan 85	In Effect 1 Jan 84	In Effect 1 Jan 83	In Effect 1 Jan 82	In Effect 1 Jan 81	In Effect 1 Jan 80	In Effect 31 Dec 78
OPEC .			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***************************************				······································	······································
Saudi Arabia Saudi Arabia Saudi Arabia Saudi Arabia Abu Dhabi Dubai Qatar Iran Iran Iraq Kuwait Neutral Zone Algeria Nigeria Libya Indonesia Venezuela Venezuela Gabon Ecuador	Arabian Light 34° Arabian Medium 31° Arabian Heavy 27° Murban 39° Fateh 32° Dukhan 40° Iranian Light 34° Iranian Heavy 31° Kirkuk Blend 36° Kuwait Blend 31° Khafji 28° Saharan Blend 44° Bonny Light 37° Forcados 31° Es Sider 37° Minas 34° Oficina 34° Tia Juana 26° Bachaquero 17° Mandji 30° Oriente 30°	28.00 27.70 26.00 28.15 28.86 28.10 28.05 27.35 28.18 27.10 26.03 29.50 28.65 30.15 28.85 32.15 28.80 27.10 23.50 27.50 27.50	29.00 27.65 26.50 29.31 28.86 29.24 28.00 27.10 29.83 27.55 26.53 30.50 28.00 27.50 30.15 29.53 31.09 27.88 25.50 29.00 27.50	29.00 27.40 26.00 29.56 28.86 29.49 28.00 27.10 29.83 27.30 26.03 30.50 30.00 29.00 30.15 29.53 31.09 27.88 25.00 29.00 27.50	34.00 32.40 31.00 34.56 33.86 34.49 31.20 29.30 34.83 32.30 31.03 35.50 34.50 35.10 34.53 37.06 38.52 34.53	34.00 32.40 31.00 35.50 33.86 35.45 34.20 32.30 34.93 32.30 31.03 37.00 36.50 36.50 37.06 32.88 27.79 34.00 34.25	32.00 31.45 31.00 36.56 35.93 37.42 37.00 34.00 37.50 35.50 25.20 40.00 40.00 39.80 40.78 35.00 38.06 32.88 27.95 35.00 40.06	26.00 23.54 25.00 29.56 27.93 29.42 30.00 27.77 29.29 27.50 27.20 30.00 29.97 29.80 34.50 27.50 28.75 25.20 22.10 28.00 33.50	12.70 12.32 12.02 13.26 12.64 13.19 13.45 12.49 13.17 12.22 12.03 14.10 15.12 13.70 13.68 13.55 13.99 12.72 11.38 12.59 12.35
Total OPEC <sup>4</sup>	NA	27.92	28.43	28,59	33,54	34.13	34.82	28.30	13.03
Non-OPEC United Kingdom Mexico Mexico Egypt Oman Malaysia Brunei U.S.S.R. Total Non-OPEC <sup>4</sup> Total World United States  Non-OPEC  United States	Brent Blend 38° Isthmus 33° Maya 22° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Miri 32° Seria Light 37° Export Blend' 32°  NA  NA  NA	28.35 <sup>5</sup> 23.23 25.65 26.10 26.92 27.25 28.35 26.90 26.65 27.39	28.65 29.00 25.50 28.00 29.00 29.85 29.60 28.00 28.16 28.33	30.00 25.00 25.00 28.00 29.00 29.85 30.10 28.60 28.65 28.61	33.50 32.50 25,50 31.00 34.00 35.60 35.10 31.20 31.72 33.00	36.60 35.00 26.50 34.00 35.00 36.50 36.10 35.49 34.35 34.18	39. 25 38.50 34.50 40.50 37.50 41.30 40.35 39. 25 38.54 35.49	26.02 32.00 28.00 34.00 30.26 33.60 33.40 33.20 31.94 28.84	NA 13,10 NA 12,81 13,06 14,30 14,15 13,20 13,44 13,08

NA=Not Applicable.

1 Primarily official sales prices or estimated long term contract prices; FOB at the foreign port of lading except where noted; 30 day payment plan except where noted; spot or discount prices excluded. See Appendix D for calculation of world oil prices.

2 Iran offers a \$1.00 discount from this price for war risk if vessel loads at Kharg Island.

3 Also called Sumatra Light.

4 Average prices (FOB) weighted by estimated export volume.

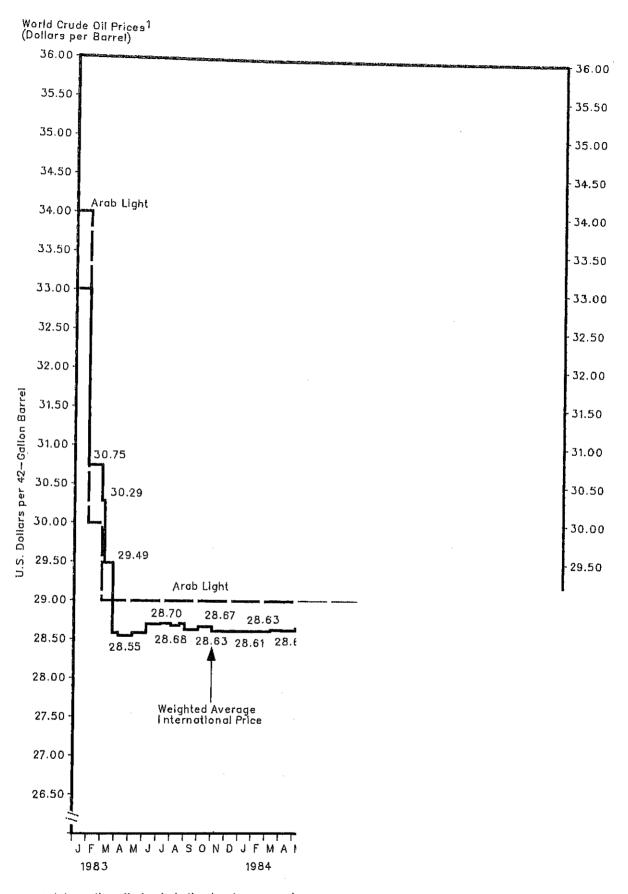
5 No official pricing. Average spot price FOB North Sea.

6 On 60 days credit.

7 Average price (CIF) to Northwest Europe, also called Urals.

8 Average prices (FOB) weighted by estimated import volume.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.



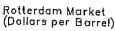
1 Internationally traded oil only. Average pri-Source: See Sources Section of this publicat

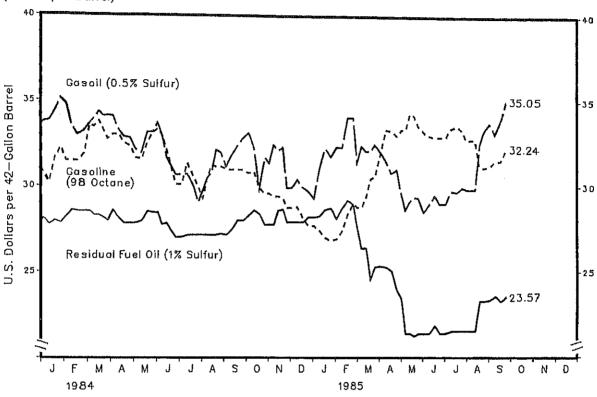
As Of 10/01/85 Weekly Petroleum Status Re

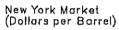
	Motor (	Casoline	Gasoil/Hea	ting Oil <sup>2</sup>	Residual	Fuel Ofl <sup>3</sup>	**************************************
	Rotterdam (98 Octane)	N.Y. <sup>4</sup> (89 Octane)	Rotterdam (0.5% Sulfur)	N.Y. <sup>5</sup> (0.2% Sulfur)	Rotterdam (1% Sulfur)	N.Y. <sup>4</sup> (1% Sulfur)	
Aug 24	31.13	32.13	32,10	32.97	27.18	28.00	
31 Sep 7	31.13	32.34	31.97	32.55	27,25	28.65	
14	31.01 30.95	32.76 32.82	31.17 31.84	33.08 33.39	27.18	28.75	
21	30.95	33.18	32.37	33.81	27.48 28.00	28.75 28.75	
28	30,95	33.01	32.84	34.23	28.00	28.70	
0ct 5	30.77	32.91	33.11	34.02	28.30	28.75	
12 19	30.89	33.54	32.31	33.08	28.60	28.75	
26	29.95 29.60	30.68 30.68	29.83 31.70	30.24	28.38	28.75	
Nov 2	29.60	31.46	31.37	32.34 32.34	27.78 27.78	28.25	
9	29.43	30.64	32.44	32.55	27.78	28.25 28.25	
16	29.43	30.03	32.10	32.02	28.60	28.70	
23 30	29.37	29.65	32.31	32.13	28.68	28.90	
Dec 7	28.78 28.84	28.92 29.25	29.96	31.50	27.93	28.80	
14	28.19	28.37	30.43 29.96	32.13 31.18	27.93	28.80	
21	27.73	28.10	29.76	30.34	27.93 28.23	29.00 29.00	
28	Not avail	able.	• . •		20123	25.00	
1985 Jan 4 11	27.72	28.27	29.35	29.76	28,22	28.25	
18	27.43 27.02	28.58	31.09	30.87	28.30	28.25	
25	26.84	28.50 29.23	32.23 31.76	32.76	28.67	29.25	
Feb 1	26,96	30.43	32.30	31.19 31.19	28.75 28.15	29.45	
.8	27.43	31,29	32.30	31.71	28.75	29.25 29.50	
15	28.42	31.29	34.04	31.92	29.20	29.50	
22 Mar 1	29.01 28.78	31.84	34.04	32,24	28.97	29.50	
8	28.83	31.50 31.61	31.43 32.37	32.34	27.62	29.50	
15	29.42	31.61	32.10	32.76 33.12	26.42 26.42	28.65	
22	30.48	33,60	32.10	35.81	24.62	27.35 27.00	
. 29	30.59	33.71	32.50	35.39	25.30	26.75	
Apr 5 12	31.94	34.65	32.10	34.13	25.37	26,65	
19	33.35 33.24	34.65 34.23	31.56	32.97	25.30	26, 25	
26	33.00	34.34	30.83 31.03	32.66 32.66	25.08 23.94	26,00	
May 3	33.35	34.02	29.69	31.61	23.50	25.75 25.00	
10	33.35	34.65	28.69	30.77	21.40	23.85	
17 24	34.29	34.65	29.16	30.24	21.40	21.75	
31	34.17 33.59	34.34 34.76	29.42	30.03	21.25	22.00	
Jun 7	33.24	34.02	29.36 28.55	30.14 29.51	21,40	22.00	
14	33.00	34.13	28.95	29.61	21.40 21.40	22.00	
21	32.94	34.13	29.49	29.51	21.85	23.50 23.10	
28 Ju1 5	32,94	33.81	29,02	29.30	21.39	23.25	
Jul 3 12	Not availa 33.47		00 70				
19	33.59	33.81 34.86	29.76 29.69	28.77	21.55	23.00	
26	33.35	33.81	29.96	28.81 28.56	21.55	22.75	
Aug 2	32.77	32.40	29.83	29.08	21.55 21.55	22.25 22.00	
9	32.77	31.64	29.83	29.97	21.55	22.10	
16 23	32.77	31.61	29.83	30.87	21.55	23.00	
30	31.24 31.13	32.87 32.13	32.51	31.02	23.27	23.75	
Sep 6	31.24	32.13	33.31 33.71	31.82	23.27	25.25	
13	31.54	32.34	33.11	33.33 32.97	23.35	25.25	
20	31.54	32,13	33.85	32.87	23.57 23.27	25.00 25.50	
27	32.24	33.08	35.05	34,44	23.57	25.50	
1							

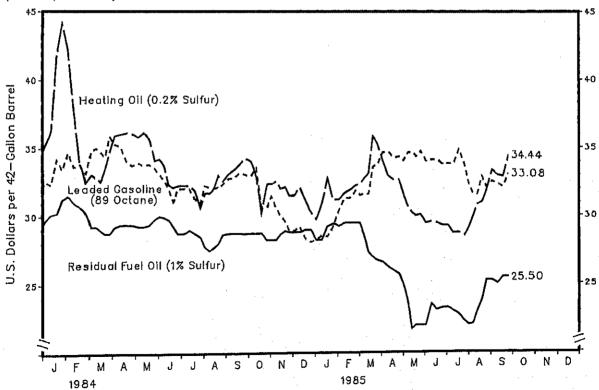
<sup>1</sup> See Appendix E for explanation of spot market product prices.
2 Refers to No. 2 Heating Oil.
3 Refers to No. 6 Oil.
4 East Coast Cargoes.
5 New York Harbor Reseller Barge Prices.
Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

# Spot Market Product Prices









Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Weather data reported in the Weekly Petroleum Status Report are now taken directly from a computerized system implemented by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce.

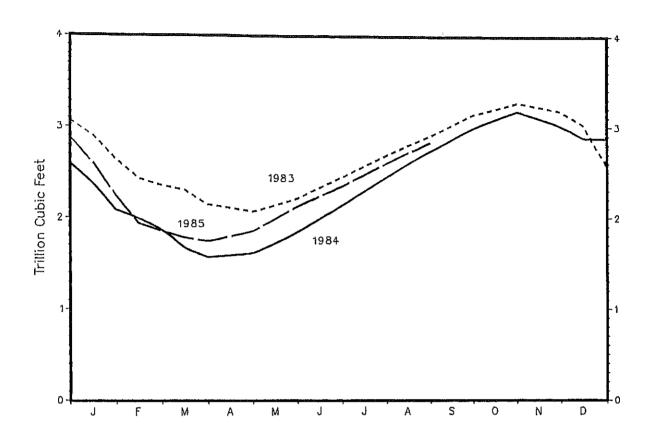
The weather for the nation, as measured by population-weighted cooling degree-days from January 1, 1985 through September 28, 1985, has been 3 percent cooler than normal and 1 percent cooler than last year.

U.S. TOTAL COOLING DEGREE DAYS (Population Weighted) and by CITY

	1985 This Year			Percent Change			
		1984 Last Year	Normal	This Year vs. Last Year	This Year vs. Normal		
January 1 - December 31		1,208	1,159	₩ ₩	** ***		
January 1 - September 2	8 1,067	1,080	1,097	-1	-3		
ities							
Albuquerque	1,193	1,407	1,244	-15	-4		
Amarillo	1,652	1,228	1,387	35	•		
Asheville	728	620	831		19		
Atlanta	1,718			17	-1 <u>2</u>		
Billings	564	1,530 787	1,612	12	7		
Boise	733		552	-28	2		
Boston	639	795	740	-8	-1		
Buffalo	484	906	684	-29	-7 1 4 -7 1		
Cheyenne		529	479	-9	1		
Chicago	319	211	307	51	4		
Cincinnati	672	719	726	<del>-</del> 7	<del>-</del> 7		
Cleveland	1,028	990	1,017	4	1		
Columbia, SC	565	569	606	-1	-7		
Denver	1,874	1,759	1,955	7	-4		
Denver Des Moines	725	729	670	-1	8		
	1,005	1,133	995	~11	1		
Detroit	539	700	605	-23	-11		
Fargo	281	595	478	-53	-41		
lartford	558	699	666	-20	-16		
louston	2,666	2,411	2,487	11	7		
Jacksonville	2,419	2,051	2,264	18	7		
Cansas City	1,063	1,321	1,311	-20	-19		
as Vegas	3,141	2,973	2,864	6	10		
os Angeles	573	934	590	-39	-3		
lemphis	2,091	1,913	1,981	9	6		
li ami	3,205	3,033	3,276	ě	-2		
li I waukee	638	710	466	-1ŏ	37		
linneapolis	636	712	652	-11	-2		
Montgomery	2,151	1,945	2,149	11	0		
lew York	1,130	1,031	1,034	10	9		
)klahoma City	1,887	1,942	1,842	-3	2		
)maha	954	1,093	1,151	-13			
hiladelphia	1,014	975	1,061	4	-17		
hoenix	4,172	4,032	3,410	3	-4		
'ittsburgh	583	545	636	3 7	22		
ortland, ME	311	391	254		-8		
rovidenće	641	690	570	-20	22		
aleigh	1,354	1,257		<del>-</del> 7	12		
dichmond	1,581	1,386	1,371	8	1		
it. Louis	1,432	1,647	1,306	14	21		
Salem, OR	285	178	1,426	-13	.0		
Galt Lake City	1,287		236	60	21		
ian Francisco	126	1,184	976	9	32		
eattle	208	284	85	***	****		
ihreveport	2 20/	130	180	60	16		
ashington, DC	2,394	2,185	2,293	.10	4		
agrindrout no	1,476	1,389	1 404	6	5		

<sup>\*\*\*\* =</sup> Normal less than 100 or ratio incalculable.

<sup>1</sup> See Glossary.



	Working Gas <sup>1</sup>			
	1983	1984	1985	
January 15 January 31 February 35 February 28 March 15 March 31 April 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 August 31 September 30 October 31 November 30 December 35	2.902 2.644 2.433 2.356 2.305 2.148 2.074 2.222 2.454 2.696 2.908 3.141 3.270 3.175 3.028 2.595	2.380 2.091 1.997 1.876 1.670 1.572 1.620 1.843 2.141 2.456 2.739 2.996 3.177 3.017 2.886 2.878	2.605 2.245 1.940 1.856 1.784 1.746 1.862 2.131 2.351 2.606 P2.833	

P=Preliminary 1 Working Gas: Gas available for withdrawal. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

## Weekly Estimates (Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

Crude 011 Production	08/30/85	09/06/85	09/13/85	09/20/85	09/27/85
Perestic Production	E8,895.0	E8,874.0	E8,874.0	E8,874.0	E8,874.0
Inputs and Utilizations					
Crude Oil Input. Gross Inputs. East Coast (PADD 1). Midwest (PADD 2). Gulf Coast (PADD 3). Rocky Mountain (PADD 4). West Coast (PADD 5). Operable Capacity (Million Barrels per Day). Percent Utilization.	12,178.0 12,318.0 1,106.0 2,991.0 5,472.0 477.0 2,272.0 15.7 78,4	11,662.0 11,797.0 1,130.0 2,923.0 4,942.0 477.0 2,325.0 15.7 75.1	12,027.0 12,198.0 1,053.0 2,914.0 5,374.0 456.0 2,401.0 15.7 77.6	12,028.0 12,201.0 1,128.0 2,818.0 5,471.0 462.0 2,322.0 15.7 77.6	12,259.0 12,408.0 1,200.0 2,796.0 5,632.0 444.0 2,336.0 15.7 78.9
Production by Product					
Motor Casoline  East Coast (PADD 1).  Midwest (PADD 2).  Gulf Coast (PADD 3).  Rocky Mountain (PADD 4).  West Coast (PADD 5).  Jet Fuel  Naphtha-Type  Kerosene-Type.  Distillate Fuel Oil.  East Coast (PADD 1).  Midwest (PADD 2).  Gulf Ccast (PADD 3).  Rocky Mountain (PADD 4).  West Coast (PADD 5).  Residual Fuel Oil.	6,920,0 650,0 1,794,0 3,141,0 271,0 1,064,0 231,0 231,0 2,518,0 281,0 634,0 1,112,0 114,0 377,0 696,0	6,260.0 463.0 1,780.0 2,739.0 230.0 1,048.0 207.0 980.0 2,440.0 253.0 620.0 1,072.0 133.0 362.0 814.0	6,544.0 550.0 1,775.0 2,851.0 238.0 1,130.0 1,277.0 239.0 2,444.0 237.0 627.0 1,086.0 104.0 390.0 909.0	6,232.0 645.0 1,603.0 2,721.0 239.0 1,024.0 1,279.0 221.0 2,561.0 236.0 618.0 1,187.0 404.0 881.0	6,448.0 624.0 1,641.0 2,904.0 217.0 1,062.0 1,180.0 991.0 2,753.0 301.0 652.0 1,249.0 113.0 438.0 786.0
Imports					
Total Crude Oil incl SPR Crude Oil SPR Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Naphtha-Type Kerosene-Type Distillate Resiqual. Other Total Refined Products Imports	3,085,0 2,908.0 177.0 371.0 0.0 0.0 143.0 348.0 682.0 1,543.0	2,837.0 2,763.0 74.0 311.0 62.0 0.0 62.0 178.0 453.0 711.0	2,549.0 2,496.0 53.0 251.0 0.0 0.0 162.0 472.0 517.0 1,402.0	3,770.0 3,732.0 38.0 158.0 0.0 0.0 76.0 604.0 623.0 1,461.0	3,130.0 2,954.0 176.0 213.0 39.0 0.0 39.0 170.0 441.0
Exports	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,71010	1310210	7,401.0	1,289.0
Total	E693.0 E226.0 E467.0	E693.0 E226.0 E467.0	E693.0 E226.0 E467.0	E675.0 E154.0 E521.0	E675.0 E154.0 E521.0
Products Supplied			٠		
Motor Gasoline. Total Jet Fuel. Naphtha Jet Fuel. Kerosene Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel 0il. Residual Fuel 0il. Other 0ils. Total Products Supplied.	7,500.0 1,319.0 276.0 1,043.0 3,027.0 1,175.0 3,689.0 16,711.0	6,675.0 1,176.0 190.0 986.0 2,362.0 1,007.0 3,722.0 14,943.0	6,743.0 1,302.0 277.0 1,025.0 2,562.0 1,096.0 3,412.0 15,115.0	6,473.0 1,272.0 230.0 1,042.0 2,694.0 1,422.0 4,238.0 16,099.0	6,715.0 1,149.0 217.0 932.0 2,729.0 786.0 3,279.0 14,657.0

E=Estimate based on monthly data. Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

#### Appendix A

# EIA WEEKLY DATA: SURVEY DESIGN AND ESTIMATION METHODS

The Weekly Petroleum Reporting System (WPRS) comprises six surveys: the "Weekly Refinery Report" (EIA-800); the "Weekly Bulk Terminal Report" (EIA-801); the "Weekly Product Pipeline Report" (EIA-802); the "Weekly Crude Oil Stocks Report" (EIA-803); the "Weekly Imports Report" (EIA-804); and the "Weekly Shipments from Puerto Rico to the United States Report" (EIA-805). The EIA weekly reporting system, as part of the Petroleum Supply Reporting System, was designed to collect data similar to those collected monthly. In the WPRS, selected petroleum companies report weekly data to EIA on crude oil and petroleum product stocks, refinery inputs and production, and crude oil and petroleum product imports. On the Forms EIA-800 through EIA-803, companies report data on a custody basis. On the Form EIA-804 and EIA-805, the importer of record reports each shipment entering the United States. Current weekly data and the most recent monthly data are used to estimate the published weekly totals.

### Sample Frame

The sample of companies that report weekly in the WPRS was selected from the universe of companies that report monthly. All sampled companies report data only for facilities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The EIA-800 sample frame includes all petroleum refineries in the United States and its territories, industrial facilities that have crude oil distillation capacity and produce some refined petroleum products, and bulk terminals that blend motor gasoline. The EIA-801 sample frame includes all bulk terminal facilities in the United States and its territories that have total bulk storage capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that receive petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline. The EIA-802 sample frame includes all petroleum product pipeline companies in the United States and its territories that transport refined petroleum products, including interstate, intrastate, and intracompany pipeline movements. Pipeline companies which transport products covered in the weekly survey are included. The EIA-803 sample frame consists of all companies which carry or store crude oil of 1,000 barrels or more. Included are gathering and trunk pipeline companies (including interstate, intrastate and intracompany pipelines), crude oil producers, terminal operators, storers of crude oil, and companies transporting Alaskan crude oil by water. The EIA-804 sample frame includes all importers of record of crude oil and petroleum products into the United States. The EIA-805 sample frame includes all shippers of petroleum products into the United States from Puerto Rico.

#### Samp1ing

The sampling procedure used for the weekly system is the cut-off method. In the cut-off method, companies are ranked from largest to smallest on the basis of the quantities reported during some previous period. Companies are chosen for the sample beginning with the largest and adding companies until the total sample covers about 90 percent of the total for each item and each geographic region for which weekly data are published. The EIA-805 is a census of all shippers of petroleum products from Puerto Rico.

	Refiners (Refineries)	Bulk Product Terminals Pipelines		Crude Oil Stock Holders	Importers	Shippers From PR	
Weekly Form	E1A-800	EIA-801	E1A-802	EIA-803	EIA-804	EIA 805	
Monthly Frame Size	152(256)	318	89	181	1410	3	
Weekly Sample Size	60(153)	71	50	86	71	3	

#### Collection Methods

Data are collected by mail, mailgram, telephone, Telex, and Telefax on a weekly basis. All canvassed firms must file by 5:00 p.m. on the Monday following the close of the report week, 7 a.m. Friday. During the processing week, company corrections of the prior week's data are also entered.

#### Estimation and imputation

After the company reports have been checked and entered into the weekly data base, explicit imputation is done for companies which have not yet responded. The imputed values are exponentially smoothed means of recent weekly reported values for this specific company. The imputed values are treated like reported values in the estimation procedure, which calculates ratio estimates of the weekly totals. First, the current week's data for a given product reported by companies in a geographic region are summed. (Call this weekly sum, W<sub>s</sub>). Next, the most recent month's data for the product reported by those same companies are summed. (Call this monthly sum, M<sub>s</sub>). Finally, let M<sub>s</sub> be the sum of most recent month's data for the product as reported by all companies. Then, the current week's ratio estimate for that product for all companies, W<sub>t</sub>, is given by:

$$W_{t} = \frac{M_{t}}{M_{s}} \cdot W_{s}$$

This procedure is used directly to estimate total weekly inputs to refineries and production. To estimate stocks of finished products, the preceding procedure is followed separately for refineries, bulk terminals, and pipelines. Total estimates are formed by summing over establishment types. Shipments from Puerto Rico are considered imports for estimation purposes.

Weekly imports data are highly variable on a company-by-company basis or a week-by-week basis. Therefore, an exponentially smoothed ratio has been developed. The estimate of total weekly imports is the product of the smoothed ratio and the sum of the weekly reported values and imputed values. Imports of other oils include an adjustment from Census data for unlicensed products because of coverage differences between the monthly imports data and Census data.

#### Response Rates

The response rate as of the day after the filing deadline is about 80 percent for the EIA-800; 75 percent for the EIA-801; 95 percent for the EIA-802; 80 percent for the EIA-803; greater than 95 percent for the EIA-804 and 100 percent for the EIA-805. However, more forms are received the next day, bringing the final response rates up. Late respondents are contacted by telephone. Nearly all of the major companies report on time. The nonresponse rate for the published estimates is usually between 2 percent and 5 percent.

#### Appendix B

## INTERPRETATION AND DERIVATION OF AVERAGE INVENTORY LEVELS

The national inventory (stocks) graphs for total petroleum products, crude oil, motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil in this publication include features to assist in comparing current inventory levels with past inventory levels and with judgements of critical levels. Methods used in developing the average inventory levels and minimum operating levels are described below.

#### Average Inventory Levels

The charts displaying inventory levels of crude oil and petroleum products (p.7), crude oil (p.7), motor gasoline (p.9), distillate fuel oil (p.11), and residual fuel oil (p.13) provide the reader with actual inventory data compared to an "average range" from the most recent 3-year period running from January through December or from July through June. The ranges are updated every six months in April and October. The 3-year period is adjusted by dropping the oldest 6 months and including the most recent 6 months. The ranges also reflect seasonal variation determined from a longer time period. The seasonal factors, which determine the shape of the upper and lower curves, are updated annually in October, using the most recent year's final monthly data.

The monthly seasonal factors are estimated by means of a seasonal adjustment technique developed at the Bureau of Census (Census X-11). The seasonal factors are assumed to be stable (i.e., unchanging from year to year) and additive (i.e., the series is deseasonalized by subtracting the seasonal factor for the appropriate month from the reported inventory levels). The intent of deseasonalization is to remove only annual variation from the data. Thus, deseasonalized series would contain the same trends, cyclical components, and irregularities as the original data. The seasonal factors for total petroleum (crude and products), crude oil, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil were derived using monthly data from 1977-1983. In 1977, monthly stock levels of motor gasoline stayed at the same high level for the entire year. Since there was virtually no seasonal behavior in motor gasoline stocks that year, data for 1978-1983 were used in the determination of seasonal patterns for motor gasoline stocks.

After seasonal factors are derived, data from the most recent 3-year period (January-December or July-June) are deseasonalized. The average of the deseasonalized 36-month series determines the midpoint of the deseasonalized average band. The standard deviation of the deseasonalized 36-months is calculated adjusting for extreme data points. The upper curve of the "average range" is defined as the average plus the seasonal factors plus the standard deviation. The lower curve is defined as the average plus the seasonal factors minus the standard deviation. Thus, the width of the "average range" is twice the standard deviation. The values of the upper and lower curves are presented in the table below.

# Values of Average Ranges in Inventory Graphs (Millions of Barrels)

				•								
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
					Lower Ra	inge						
Total Petroleum Crude Oil Motor Gasoline Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	1090.5 342.8 244.1 128.1 48.9	1058.4 344.5 246.5 101.6 40.2	1032.3 347.2 241.4 84.2 38.3	1033.4 350.1 226.7 79.6 39.0	1043.1 344.8 218.9 88.2 44.4	1055.9 344.2 216.2 101.3 42.8	1082.4 343.0 216.8 122.2 44.4	1098.4 338.9 213.9 140.1 45.0	1114.7 334.4 217.1 154.7 50.0	1123.4 342.8 212.0 160.3 52.6	1132.0 343.8 218.6 164.1 56.1	1108.7 335.6 227.8 152.2 55.0
					Upper Ra	inge						
Total Petroleum Crude Oil Motor Gasoline Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	1142.9 356.2 262.5 158.8 62.9	1110,8 357,9 264,9 132,3 54,2	1084.7 360.6 259.8 114.9 52.3	1085.8 363.5 245.1 110.3 53.0	1095.5 358.2 237.3 118.9 58.4	1108.4 357.6 234.6 132.0 56.9	1134.8 356.4 235.2 152.9 58.4	1150.8 352.3 232.3 170.7 59.0	1167.2 347.8 235.5 185.4 64.0	1175.8 356.2 230.4 191.0 66.6	1184.4 357.2 237.0 194.8 70.2	1161.1 349.0 246.2 182.8

#### Minimum Operating Inventories

The lines labeled "Minimum Operating Inventory" (MOI) on the stocks graphs for crude oil, motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil represent estimates of those inventory levels made by the National Petroleum Council (NPC) and published in November 1983 in "Petroleum Inventories and Storage Capacity -- An Interim Report." The NPC defines the MOI as the inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. The NPC report presents the findings of a study which was directed by the NPC's Committee on Petroleum Inventories and Storage Capacity. MOI estimates presented in

the report were developed by consensus through a decision-making process that relied on the judgement of Committee the report were developed by consensus through a decision-making process that relied on the judgement of committee members based on their operating experience, on historical inventory trends, and on the results of an NPC survey of companies that provide primary inventory data to the Energy Information Administration.

The estimated values are: Crude oil -- 285 million barrels; motor gasoline -- 200 million barrels; distillate fuel oil -- 40 million barrels.

The NPC did not develop a minimum operating inventory level for total petroleum stocks. The line labeled "observed minimum" on the "Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, U.S. Total" graph is the lowest inventory level observed during the most recent 36-month period as published in the Petroleum Supply Monthly.

#### Appendix C

# PROJECTION FROM THE SHORT-TERM ENERGY OUTLOOK, JULY 1985

The projections of "high" and "low" total petroleum demand, shown in the WPSR as total product supplied, are from the Office of Energy Markets and End Use, Short-Term Energy Outlook (Outlook), July 1985. The three forecast cases presented in this edition of the Outlook, with projections for the last two quarters of 1985, through the end of 1986, are based on different assumptions about the growth of the U.S. economy and the associated price of imported crude oil to U.S. refiners.

In the high economic growth case:

- One year growth in the real Gross National Product (GNP) is projected to be 2.9 percent for 1985 and 4.2 percent for 1986.
- U.S. refiner acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to fall to an average of \$25.50 a barrel in 1985, and \$22.00 a barrel in 1986, in current dollars.

In the base case:

- One year growth in the GNP is projected to be 2.5 percent for 1985 and 2.3 percent for 1986.
- U.S. refiner acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to average \$26.90 a barrel in 1985, and \$26.00 a barrel in 1986, in current dollars.

- In the low economic growth case:
  One year GNP growth is projected to be 2.1 percent in 1985. GNP is projected to decline 0.5 percent in
  - U.S. refiner acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to average \$27.70 a barrel in 1985, and then rise to \$28.00 in 1986, in current dollars.

The plots of the low and high product supplied estimates incorporate an additional sensitivity adjustment for weather, as estimated in the Short-Term Energy Outlook, Table 13.

For more detailed information on the above (and other components of the forecast), please refer to the published report, Short-Term Energy Outlook, July 1985.

Copies of the report are available from:

National Energy Information Center Room 1F-048, Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20585 Telephone 202-252-8800

#### Appendix D

#### CALCULATION OF WORLD OIL PRICES

The weighted average international price of oil, shown in the "Highlights" on page 1 and on page 18, is an average calculated using specific crude oil prices weighted by the estimated crude oil export volume for each oil-producing country. To develop the table shown on page 18, a list of major oil producing/exporting countries was chosen. For each country, the official selling price of one or more representative crude oils was determined by investigating a number of industry publications (i.e., "Oil Buyers' Guide", "Platt's Oilgram Price Report", "Petroleum Intelligence Weekly", and "Weekly Petroleum Argus") and by contacting oil market analysts.

Then, the appropriate crude oil volumes to be used as weighting factors for each country were determined. These volumes are estimates based on a number of sources which provide data on production, consumption, and exports for these countries. Export volumes for a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors. After the export volumes had been determined, simple mathematical weighted averages were calculated to arrive at the "Total OPEC," "Total Non-OPEC," and "Total World" prices.

The average United States (FOB) import price is derived by the same basic procedure as the world oil price, that is, taking the representative official crude oil price of a specific crude oil from a particular country and weighting this price by a certain volume of crude oil. In this case, the weighting factors are the volumes of crude oil imported into the U.S. from pertinent countries. Import volumes from a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors.

Both the import and export volumes are preliminary. Due to their origin, these estimates cannot be fully verified. These volumes are updated monthly, or more frequently when changes in oil market conditions make updating appropriate.

#### Appendix E

## EXPLANATION OF SPOT MARKET PRODUCT PRICES

Definition of spot market product prices for the <u>Rotterdam</u> market: Represent the mid point of the bid/asked price range for CIF cargoes scheduled for prompt arrival at Rotterdam (within 48 hours).

Definition of spot market product prices for the <u>New York</u> market: Represent last sale price reported or offered. Prices are ex-duty and do not include Federal or state taxes.

Deneral definition of spot prices: A transaction concluded "on the spot," that is, on a one-time prompt delivery lasis, usually referring to a transaction involving only one cargo of product. This contrasts with a term sentract sale which obligates the seller to furnish product on an evenly-spread delivery basis over an extended seriod of time, usually for one year.

#### **GLOSSARY**

- o Barrel. A volumetric unit of measure for crude oil and petroleum products equivalent to 42 U.S. gallons.
- o CIF. Literally, "Cost, Insurance, Freight". This term refers to a type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the FOB value of the product at the point of origin purchase, in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill port. It is similar to the terms of an FOB sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is
- c Cooling Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily average temperature is above 65 degrees F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature for a 24-hour period.
- o Crude Oil. A mixture of hydrocarbons that existed in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Lease condensate and drips are included but topped crude oil (residual) and other unfinished oils are excluded.
- o Crude Oil Input. The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.
- o Degree-Day Normals. Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1951-1980). These may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted
- o Distillate Fuel Oils. Includes No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils, and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. These are light fuel oils used primarily for home heating, as a diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and for electric power generation.
- o FOB. Literally, "Free On Board". Pertains to a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available within an agreed on period at a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.
- o Gasoil. European designation for No. 2 heating oil, and diesel fuel.
- o Gross Inputs. The crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids put into distillation units.
- o Heating Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily average temperature is below 65 degrees F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature for a 24-hour period.
- o Imports. Unless otherwise specified in this report, refers to gross imports. Imports of minor products ("other oils") include aviation gasoline, kerosene, unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, plant condensate, petrochemical feedstocks, lube oils, waxes, special naphthas, coke, asphalt, gasoline blending components, and other miscellaneous oils.
- O Jet Fuel. Includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.
- Motor Gasoline. Finished leaded gasoline, finished unleaded gasoline, and blending components in the gasoline range. Production and imports data represent finished leaded gasoline and finished unleaded gasoline. Stocks data consist of the two types of finished gasoline and blending components. Stock change used in the calculation of motor gasoline product supplied is the change in finished motor gasoline stocks. Imports of motor gasoline blending components are contained in other oils imports.
- Operable Capacity. The maximum amount of input that can be processed by a crude oil distillation unit in a 24-hour period, making allowances for processing limitations due to types and grades of inputs, limitations of downstream facilities, scheduled and unscheduled downtimes, and environmental constraints. Includes any shutdown capacity that could be placed in operation within 90 days.
- Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD). Five geographical areas into which the nation was divided by the Petroleum Administration for Defense for purposes of administration. These PADDs include the states listed below:
  - PADD 1: Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.
  - PADD 2: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, and Wisconsin.
  - PADD 3: Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico and Texas.
  - PADD 4: Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming.
  - PADD 5: Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Oregon, and Washington.

- Population-Weighted Degree-Days. Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and these products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and these products are then summed to arrive at the national population weighted degree-day figure.
- Product Supplied. A value calculated for specific products which is equal to domestic production plus net imports (imports less exports), less the net increase in primary stocks. Total products supplied is calculated as inputs to refineries, plus estimated refinery gains, plus other hydrocarbon input, plus product imports, less product exports, less the net increase in product stocks. Values shown for "Other Oils" product supplied are the difference between total product supplied and product supplied values for specified products. Other oils product supplied incorporates crude oil product supplied and reclassified product adjustment.
- Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil. The average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1131. Imported crude oil is any crude oil which is not domestic oil. The composite is the weighted average price of domestic and imported crude oil. Prices do not include the price of crude oil for the SPR.
- Refinery Capacity Utilization. Ratio of the total amount of crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids run through crude oil distillation units to the operable capacity of these units. In the period 1979-1982 the refinery capacity utilization for all U.S. refineries ranged between 87 percent and 65 percent. The ratio for an individual refinery may fluctuate much more depending on the type of crude and other raw materials processed, the types of products produced, and the operating conditions of the refinery.
- o Residual Fuel Oils. Includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils which are heavy oils used primarily for electric power generation, for industrial and commercial space heating, as a ship fuel, and for various industrial uses.
- Retail Motor Casoline Prices. Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).
- Stock Change (Refined Products). Component of Product Supplied calculation shown on U.S. Petroleum Balance. The product stock change shown on the U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet for the current 4-week period is calculated in the following way; an average daily stock change is calculated for major refined products (i.e., all actual reported stocks); this stock change is added to an estimate for minor product stock change based on historical monthly data; a daily average stock change for refined product stocks for the 4-week period is then calculated. To calculate minor product stock change, the stock levels shown for other oils in the stock section of the balance sheet are used. These other oils stock levels are derived by: 1) computing an average daily rate of stock change for each month based on monthly data for the past six years; 2) using this daily rate and the minor stock levels from the most recent monthly publication to estimate the minor product stock level for the current period.
- Stocks. For individual products in the WPSR, quantities held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals which have a capacity of 50 thousand barrels or more, and in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but included in "Other Oils" estimates and "Total."
- Unaccounted-for Crude Oil. A term which appears in U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet. It reconciles the difference between data (or estimates) about supply and data (or estimates) about disposition. Its value can be positive or negative since it is a balancing term. As it appears in the monthly publications, it reflects the accuracy of the reported data. Because the unaccounted-for crude oil figure reflects the accuracy of reported and estimated figures, one would expect the figure to be larger in balances using preliminary or estimated data and smaller in balances using final data. In fact, the published figures confirm this expectation. In the WPSR, four-week averages for the previous year are interpolated from final monthly data, so that the unaccounted-for crude oil value for the previous year is considerably smaller than that for the current period.
- United States. For the purpose of the report, the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Data for the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and other U.S. territories are not included in the U.S. Totals.

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Page 4
            o Monthly Data: 1983-1984, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Annual," 1985, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly," except January 1985 operable capacity which is from the EIA's "Petroleum Supply Annual." o Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on EIA weekly data.
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           o Monthly Data: 1983-1984, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Annual," 1985, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly," except January 1985 operable capacity which is from the EIA's "Petroleum Supply Annual." o Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on EIA weekly data.
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            o Monthly Data: 1983-1984, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Annual," 1985, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly." o Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on EIA weekly data.
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            o Data for Ranges and Seasonal Patterns: 1977-1980, EIA, "Petroleum Statement Annual (Final Summary)," 1981-1983, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Annual," 1984, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly." o Monthly Data: 1983-1984, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Annual," 1985, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly." o Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on EIA weekly data.
Page 8
            o Monthly Data: 1983-1984, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Annual," 1985, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly." o Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on EIA weekly data.
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            o Monthly Data: 1983-1984, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Annual," 1985, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly."
            o Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on EIA weekly data.
           o Ranges and Seasonal Patterns 1977-1980, EIA, "Petroleum Statement Annual (Final Summary)," 1981-1983, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly."
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- o Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil: Form EIA-14, "Refiners Monthly Cost Report." o Motor Gasoline Bureau of Labor Statistics. See glossary description for "Retail Motor Gasoline Prices."
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### Pages 18 and 19

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o FPC-8/EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

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o Monthly Data: 1985, EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly."

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